Watkins, Robert

From:	Watkins, Robert
Sent:	Wednesday, April 20, 2022 2:48 PM
То:	Fink, Jon
Cc:	Werner, Jeffrey B
Subject:	April 2022 BAR Decision

Certificate of Appropriateness

BAR 22-04-05 1901 East Market Street, TMP 55A149000 and 55A150000 IPP and Woolen Mills Village HC District (contributing) Owner/Applicant: Jon Fink Project: Rear addition

Dear Jon,

The above referenced project was discussed before a meeting of the City of Charlottesville Board of Architectural Review (BAR) on April 19, 2022. The following action was taken:

Ron Bailey moves: Having considered the standards set forth within the City Code, including the City's ADC Design Guidelines, I move to find that the proposed alterations and addition at 1901 East Market Street satisfy the BAR's criteria and are compatible with this property and other Individually Protected Properties in the City, and that the BAR approves the application as submitted in the drawings dated April 19, 2022.

Jody Lahendro seconds motion. Motion passes (6-0).

If you would like to hear the specifics of the discussion, the meeting video is on-line at: https://boxcast.tv/channel/vabajtzezuyv3iclkx1a?b=odcssqp9fm4bq8sfjlp0.

Per the provisions of City Code Sec. 34-280: This CoA is valid for 18 months [from the date of BAR approval]; upon written request and for reasonable cause, the director of NDS or the BAR may extend that period by one year; and this CoA does not, in and of itself, authorize any work or activity that requires a separate building permit. (Complete text of Sec. 34-280:

https://library.municode.com/va/charlottesville/codes/code_of_ordinances?nodeId=CO_CH34ZO_ARTIIOVDI_DIV2HIPR ARDECOOVDI_S34-280VACEAP)

If you have any questions, please contact me at <u>watkinsro@charlottesville.gov</u>.

Sincerely, Robert

Robert Watkins Assistant Historic Preservation and Design Planner Neighborhood Development Services PO Box 911 Charlottesville, VA 22902 City of Charlottesville Board of Architectural Review Staff Report April 19, 2022



Certificate of Appropriateness BAR 22-04-05 1901 East Market Street, TMP 55A149000 and 55A150000 IPP and Woolen Mills Village HC District (contributing) Owner/Applicant: Jon Fink Project: Rear addition



Background

Year Built: c1835, *Pireus Store*District: Individually Protected Property within the Woolen Mills HC District
Status: Contributing to the HC District
(Note: While within a HC District, IPPs are reviewed using the ADC District Design Guidelines.)

The Pireus Store building is a two-story brick structure with a gable front and a Victorian porch. The building was constructed by 1840 to house a store for workers at the nearby textile mills. The store was converted to a house after 1875.

Prior BAR Actions

March 15, 2022 - BAR held informal discussion with staff, applicant was not available,

Application

• Submittal, dated March 3, 2022: Project narrative from applicant; photographs of house and site; parcel plats; elevation drawings, site plans, floor plans, and section drawings of house with proposed addition

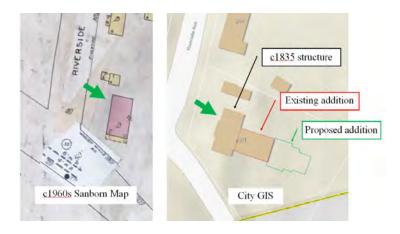
CoA for a rear addition, extending a prior addition on the original, c1835 structure.

Discussion

The BAR offered comment on the submitted materials at the March 15 BAR meeting. A summary of the discussion is provided here:

- BAR members are concerned about too many competing design languages and competing forms that take away from the historic structure
 - A joint, break, or hyphen between the earlier (2000s) addition and proposed addition might be a better transition
- Because of the proposed addition's site at the end of the house, new construction will create a long plane. The addition should manipulate the roofline and wall material to break up this long plane.

• BAR members ask purpose of dormer without window



Criteria for Additions in Chapter III:

- Function and Size
- Location
- Design
- Replication of Style
- Materials and Features
- Attachment to Existing Building

The BAR should also consider the building elements and details necessary to evaluate the project. Renderings and schematics communicates mass, scale, design and composition; however a complete application should include details and specific information about the projects materials and components. For example:

- Measured drawings: Elevations, wall details, etc.
- Roofing: Flat, hipped, etc. Metal, slate, asphalt. Flashing details.
- Gutters/downspouts: Types, color, locations, etc.
- Foundation.
- Walls: Masonry, siding, stucco, etc.
- Soffit, cornice, siding, and trim.
- Color palette.
- Doors and windows: Type, lite arrangement, glass spec, trim details, etc.
- Porches and decks: Materials, railing and stair design, etc.
- Landscaping/hardscaping: Grading, trees, low plants, paving materials, etc.
- Lighting. Fixture cut sheets, lamping, etc.

At the time that this staff report was written, the applicant has reviewed the March BAR meeting video but has not submitted additional drawings. Given that the applicant was not present in March, staff recommends that the BAR use this time to clarify any concerns or recommendations regarding the project.

Criteria, Standards, and Guidelines

Review Criteria Generally

Sec. 34-284(b) of the City Code states that, in considering a particular application the BAR shall approve the application unless it finds:

- (1) That the proposal does not meet specific standards set forth within this division or applicable provisions of the Design Guidelines established by the board pursuant to Sec.34-288(6); and
- (2) The proposal is incompatible with the historic, cultural or architectural character of the district in which the property is located or the protected property that is the subject of the application.

Pertinent Standards for Review of Construction and Alterations include:

- (1) Whether the material, texture, color, height, scale, mass and placement of the proposed addition, modification or construction are visually and architecturally compatible with the site and the applicable design control district;
- (2) The harmony of the proposed change in terms of overall proportion and the size and placement of entrances, windows, awnings, exterior stairs and signs;
- (3) The Secretary of the Interior Standards for Rehabilitation set forth within the Code of Federal Regulations (36 C.F.R. §67.7(b)), as may be relevant;
- (4) The effect of the proposed change on the historic district neighborhood;
- (5) The impact of the proposed change on other protected features on the property, such as gardens, landscaping, fences, walls and walks;
- (6) Whether the proposed method of construction, renovation or restoration could have an adverse impact on the structure or site, or adjacent buildings or structures;
- (7) Any applicable provisions of the City's Design Guidelines.

Pertinent ADC District Design Guidelines

Chapter II – Site Design and Elements

Chapter 2 Site Design and Elements

- B. Plantings
- C. Walls and Fences
- D. Lighting
- E. Walkways and Driveways
- F. Parking Areas and Lots
- G. Garages, Sheds, and Other Structures
- H. Utilities and Other Site Appurtenances

Chapter III – *New Construction and Additions* Chapter 3 New Construction and Additions

Checklist from section P. Additions

- 1) Function and Size
 - a. Attempt to accommodate needed functions within the existing structure without building an addition.
 - b. Limit the size of the addition so that it does not visually overpower the existing building.
- 2) Location
 - a. Attempt to locate the addition on rear or side elevations that are not visible from the street.
 - b. If additional floors are constructed on top of a building, set the addition back from the main façade so that its visual impact is minimized.
 - c. If the addition is located on a primary elevation facing the street or if a rear addition faces a street, parking area, or an important pedestrian route, the façade of the addition should be treated under the new construction guidelines.
- 3) Design
 - a. New additions should not destroy historic materials that characterize the property.

- b. The new work should be differentiated from the old and should be compatible with the massing, size, scale, and architectural features to protect the historic integrity of the property and its environment.
- 4) Replication of Style
 - a. A new addition should not be an exact copy of the design of the existing historic building. The design of new additions can be compatible with and respectful of existing buildings without being a mimicry of their original design.
 - b. If the new addition appears to be part of the existing building, the integrity of the original historic design is compromised and the viewer is confused over what is historic and what is new.
- 5) Materials and Features
 - a. Use materials, windows, doors, architectural detailing, roofs, and colors that are compatible with historic buildings in the district.
- 6) Attachment to Existing Building
 - a. Wherever possible, new additions or alterations to existing buildings should be done in such a manner that, if such additions or alterations were to be removed in the future, the essential form and integrity of the buildings would be unimpaired.
 - b. The new design should not use the same wall plane, roof line, or cornice line of the existing structure.







TEMERICA

BASE DATA **IDENTIFICATION** Historic Name: **Pireus Store** Street Address: 1901 East Market Street 1835-40 Date/Period: Map and Parcel: 55A-149 Style: No Identifiable Style Census Track & Block: 3-101 Height to Cornice: Present Owner: Hallie Johnson Shisler Height in Stories: 1, 2 1901 East Market Street Address: Present Zoning: R-2 Present Use: Residence, Single-family Land Area (sq.ft.): 15,825 Original Owner: William Hunter Meriwether Assessed Value (land + imp.): 13,000 Original Use: Store (?)

ARCHITECTURAL DESCRIPTION

The Pireus Store is a simple vernacular structure whose appearance has been much reworked during its lifetime. The store is rectangular in form with the narrower, gable-end fronting on East Market Street. Actually two storeys in height, only one storey shows on Market Street because of the sharp ground rise. A finished attic has provided an additional half storey. The facade is two bays in width (door and a window, side hall and one room), and the store is two rooms deep. Construction is brick laid in Flemish bond on the facade (but only partially into the gable) and laid in five-course American bond elsewhere. The roof is gable (with gable-end facade) and has an obviously later central gable on the Riverside Avenue side. Along the sides, the sloped, overhanging eaves nearly obscure a corbelled-brick cornice with mouse-tooth dentils. This detail and the obviously later side gable strongly suggest that the entire roof system is a later addition. The store has two interior, gable-end chimneys of brick that, upon close inspection, appear to have been later additions to the structure. Windows are six-over-six-light, double-hung sash, with two, four-light, casement attic windows flanking each chimney in the gable. Original windows are surrounded by a heavy, three-quarter round molding. A single-storey, Victorian porch covers the Market Street facade.

HISTORICAL DESCRIPTION

In the year 1825, William Hunter Meriwether purchased from Isaac and Molly Miller 148 acres on the Rivanna River that was Molly's share of her father Nicholas Lewis' estate (Co. DB 25-212, DB 26-342). Meriwether was an active entrepreneur and developer and immediately began to improve the area around the confluence of the Rivanna and Moore's Creek as "Pireus" (The "port city" of Charlottesville, just as the original Piraeus was and is the port of Athens, Greece). By 1840, Meriwether had operating mills on the far (east) side of the River, had erected a toll bridge, and was constructing on the near side a flour mill, which was leased and completed as a cotton factory (Co. DB 38-363), the beginnings of the Charlottesville Woolen Mills. The Woolen Mills Store was part of this development, and was most likely built no earlier than 1835 and no later than 1840 (tradition assigns a date before 1825, but tax records dispute this). In 1844 the "store" house was sold to James R. Jones for \$1,200 (Co. DB 42-213) and then after several years of ownership by H.C. Marchant, passed to the Charlottesville Woolen Mills in 1875 (Co. DB 69-587) and was converted to a residence. See also: Co. DB 67-651, DB 93-389, DB 330-230, WB 14-552.

SIGNIFICANCE

This house is closely associated with the development of the Charlottesville Woolen Mills, the most important industry in Charlottesville in the late 1800's. It is one of two houses remaining from the "Pireus" phase of industrial development along the Rivanna River, which began with the construction of a bridge across the Rivanna by William H. Meriwether in 1826. The store was most likely built to serve workers at the "Charlottesville Factory" a forerunner to the textile plant that eventually became the Woolen Mills. At its peak, the Woolen Mills area was a self contained community with this store, a church (nomination #21), a school and houses for the workers (nomination #56 is an example of such housing)

CONDITIONS	SOURCES City and County Records Hallie Johnson Shisler	
Good		

LANDMARK COMMISSION DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

WB7-426 7 Sep 1824 47. 10/4 3 0175 A 462-0 Routes 77. Y. S.C. Q Q. 22 me and in the river 341/2000, Anannes Rive The abour is a Plat of Land Calonging to the Estate of Richelas Lewis d in the boundy of Albemarle on the west side of the Rivanna River, adjei of Charico I Bank head, Thomas Lewis Ester & e Heartha Serrell; and A Boroache Mart Med Vele. 15 th Acces-

DB42-213, 1Nov 1844, fr. WM H. Mer we Then to James R. Jones 1200 N 66 2° W 7,00 r ~ STANCE 120 ER N.W. CORNER 2 STORE 2 232 2 200 HOUSE 00 232 € 531 · F 11 9 100 P 5 locust 4 Plus a street 50 wich extending Beginning at a su along N side of lot a Termina Ting stake in the N. sick of at The nine & boat (anding The Tumpike road near Merine There Bridge







Date Received: Revised 2016 **Board of Architectural Review (BAR) Certificate of Appropriateness** Please Return To: City of Charlottesville Department of Neighborhood Development Services P.O. Box 911, City Hall Charlottesville, Virginia 22902 Telephone (434) 970-3130

Please submit ten (10) hard copies and one (1) digital copy of application form and all attachments. Please include application fee as follows: New construction project \$375; Demolition of a contributing structure \$375; Appeal of BAR decision \$125; Additions and other projects requiring BAR approval \$125; Administrative approval \$100. Make checks payable to the City of Charlottesville. The BAR meets the third Tuesday of the month.

Deadline for submittals is Tuesday 3 weeks prior to next BAR meeting by 3:30 p.m.

Owner Name JAL EAL A	pplicant Name JoJ Fill	1	
Project Name/Description 1911 E. MANUT JT OD	DITIN Parcel Number 55A	199000 550 10000	
Project Property Address 1961 E. MARIAI S	T. 22112	1	
Applicant Information	Signature of Applicant		
Address: 1901 E. MANULT S.	I hereby attest that the information I best of mythowledge, correct.	have provided is, to the	
Email: <u></u>		332022 Date	
Property Owner Information (if not applicant)	Print Name	Date	
Address:	Property Owner Permission (if not applicant) I have read this application and hereby give my consent to		
Email:	its submission.		
	Signature	Date	
Do you intend to apply for Federal or State Tax Credits for this project?	Print Name	Date	
Description of Proposed Work (attach separate narrativ	e if necessary):		
List All Attachments (see reverse side for submittal req	uirements):		
For Office Use Only	Approved/Disapproved by:		
	Date:		
Fee paid: Cash/Ck.#	Conditions of approval:		

Pireus Store, ca. 1821

In the late 18th Century, William Hunter Merriwether, nephew to Merriweather Lewis, inherited with his wife 168 acres of bottom land along the Rivanna River. Mr. Merriwether, along with Thomas Jefferson, was a founding member of the Rivanna Company, whose main aims were commercial in nature.

In 1809 The Rivanna Company begun construction on a damn across the Rivanna just above it's confluence with Moores Creek.

Once the damn was completed with its accompanying lock on river left, Bateaus were able to unload their cargo. This area because known as "Pireus", Greek for port, and the dirt trail on River right leading into Charlottesville was renamed Market Street.

Pireus Store was built sometime late in the first quarter of the 19th century. The structure was built with a Tavern on the ground floor, a General store and the 2nd floor, and storage with a tiny living space on the top floor. Historic preservationists have identified building elements such as brick mouse tooth dentil work as historically indicative of that time period.

Pireus Store, remained a tavern and general store into the early 20th century. I purchased this home in 1990 and begun an intensive interior renovation. Early in the process I was visited by a neighbor, Mr. Taylor, who at that point was well into his nineties. He informed me in 1906 he was a delivery boy for the store and occasionally for the tavern as well.

The renovation included a full excavation of the tavern floor, where various pieces of pipes, gaming balls, and other period artifacts were identified, catalogues, and then donated. The structure had a slate roof returned as originally built. We were fortunate that nearly every element original to the interior of the structure has been covered over instead of being removed.

In 2002, I applied for and received permission from the BAR to construct an addition. This was a tricky application because there was an understandable concern to ensure that the new construction respected the original structure. In the end we completed a very respectful and sensitive addition.

That addition though did constrain space on the top floor due to the roof pitch matching the original structure. In our new addition we have designed more living space.

Our current application reflects the needs of our growing family and our desire to create more livable space. We purposely differentiated this design in both form and material pallet. We did not illustrate but plan to have voltaics installed on the southern roof face. Our plan will be to build in maximum energy efficiency while still respecting existing roof peaks. We have very large boxwoods and dogwoods that already visually shield the 1st addition and will also shield a good part of the proposed addition.

We appreciate your attention to this application and please direct any questions you might have to me, Jon Fink, jfink@jvi.com, or to Mr. Andres Pacheco, architect, apachecomail@gmail.com. See you in April.

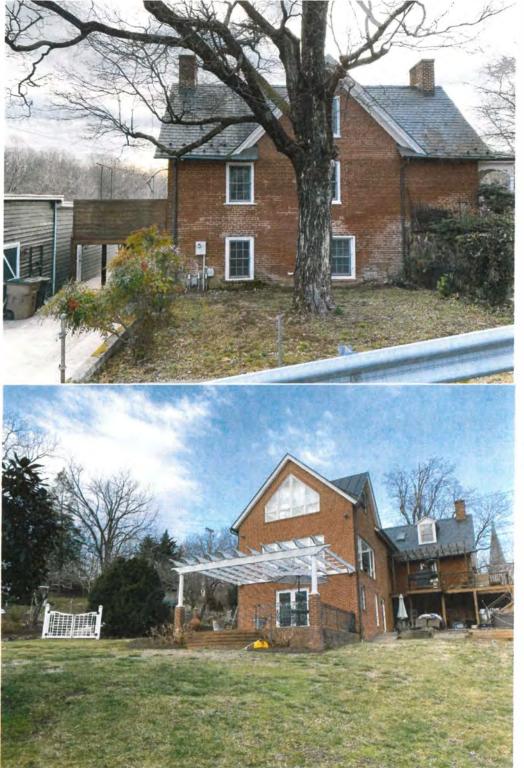
Thank you very much,

Southwest Face



South Face





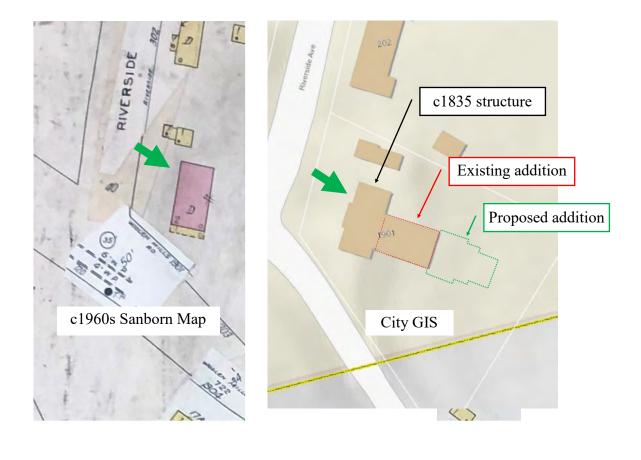
West

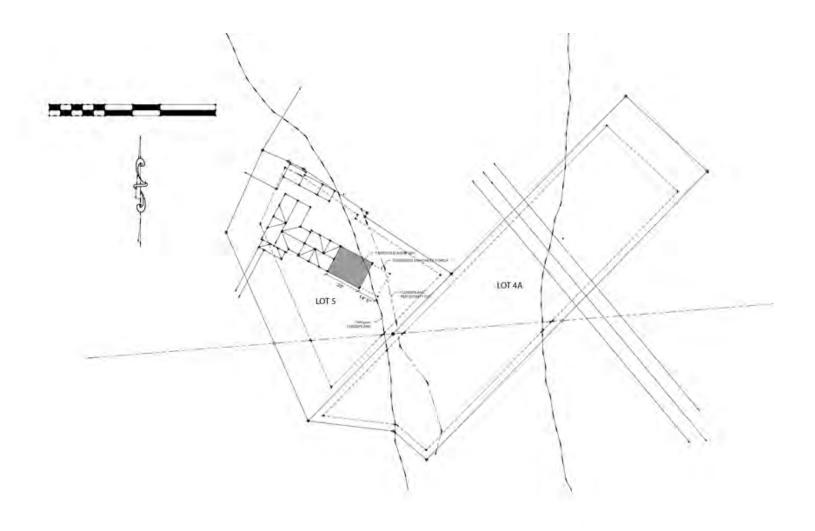
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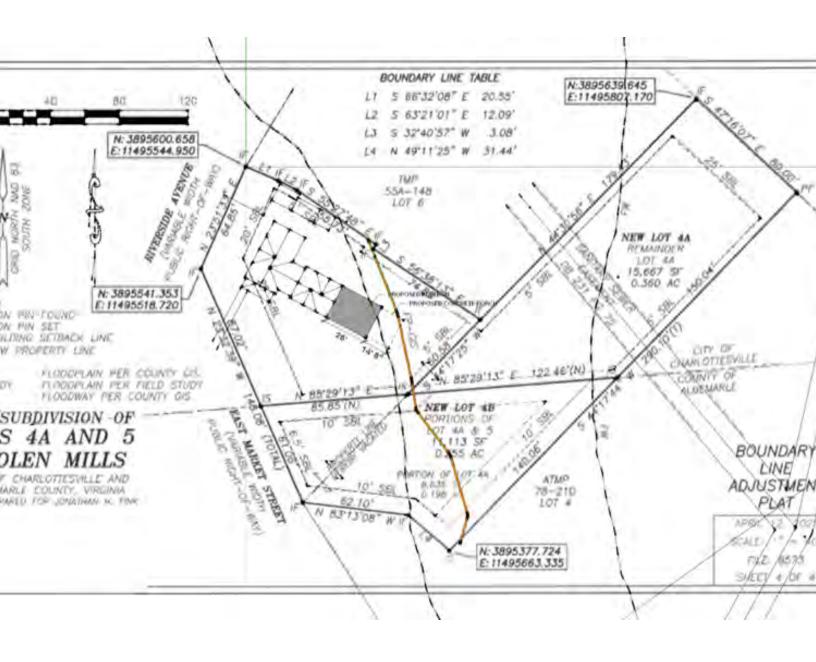


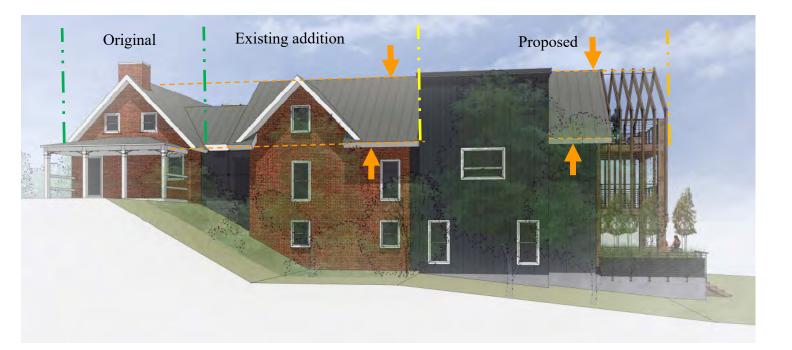
Street view 2019



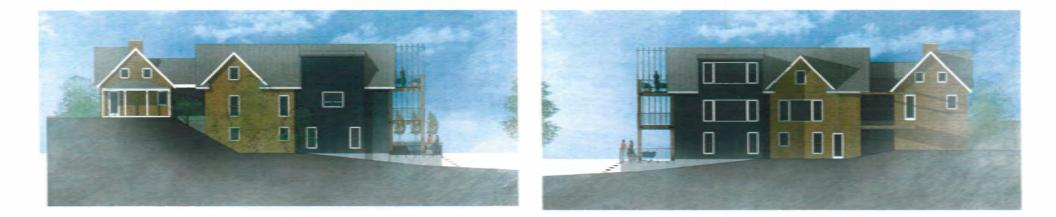


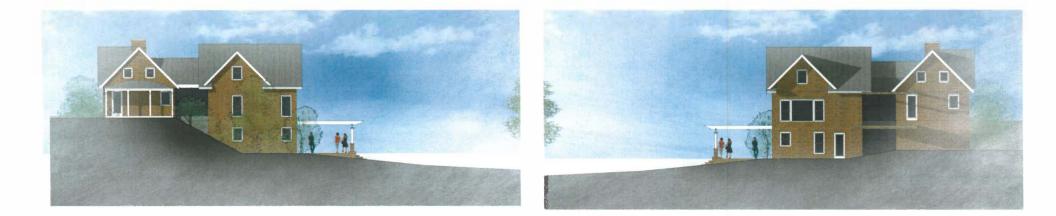


















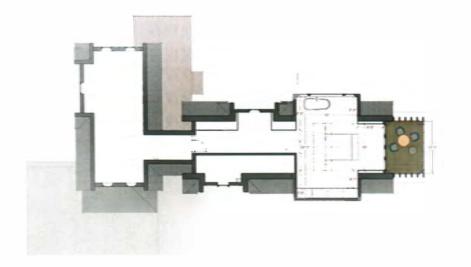


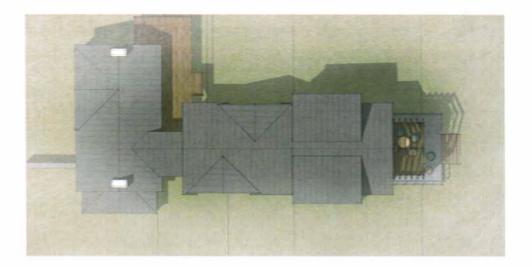


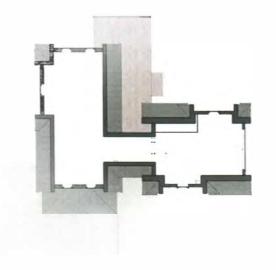


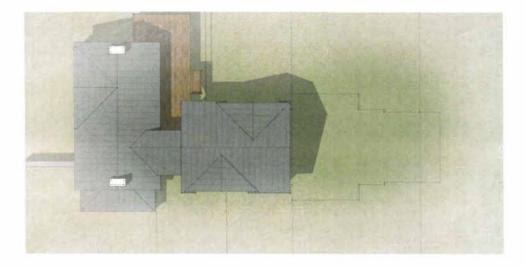








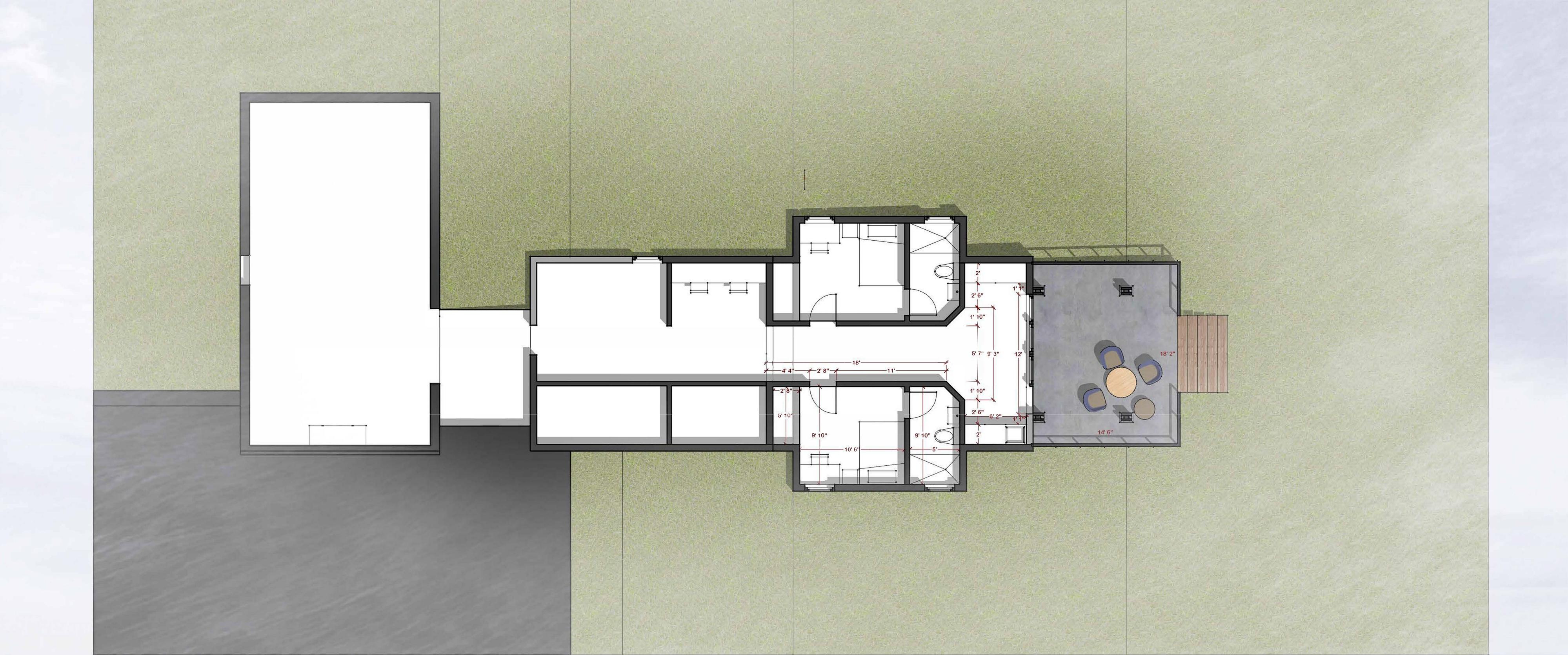


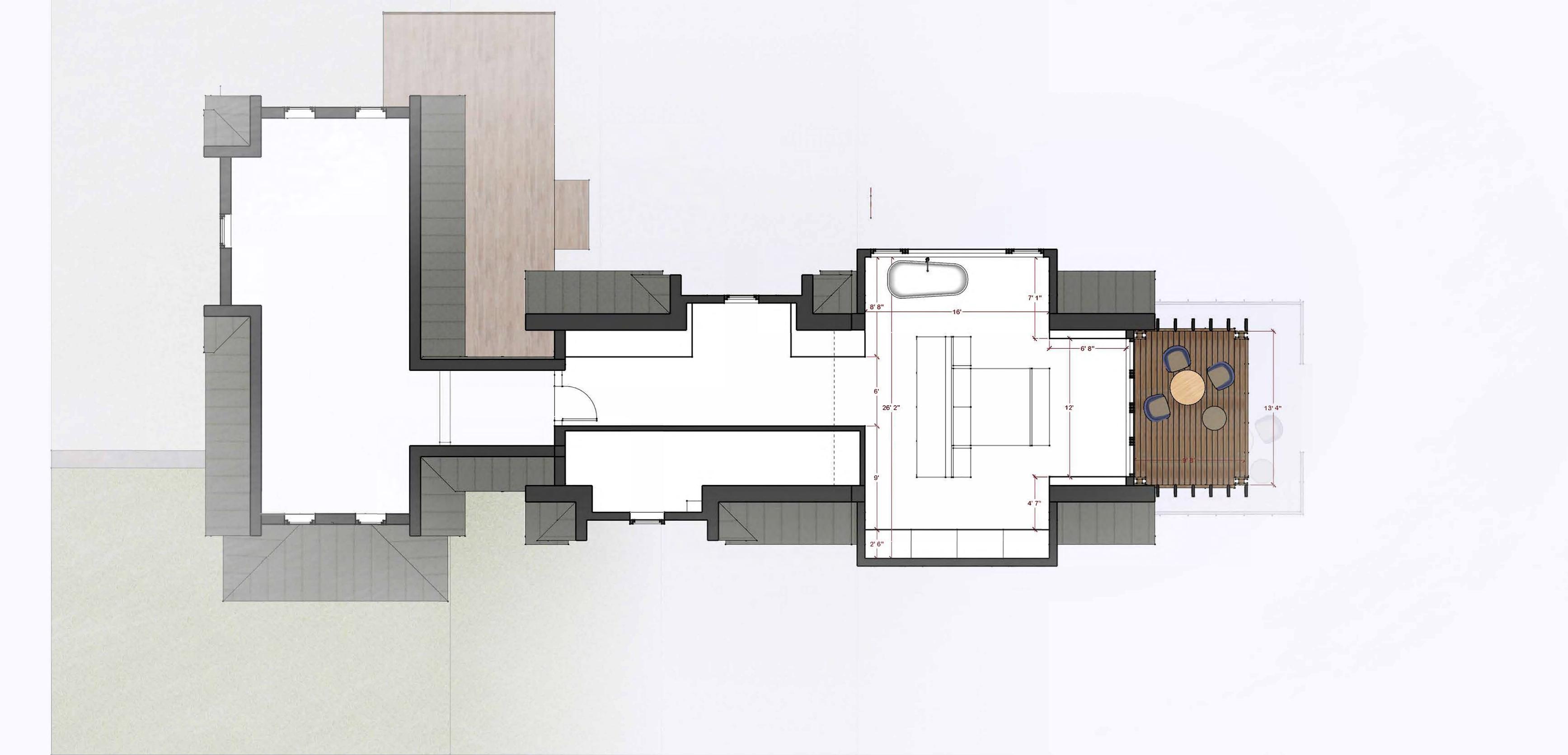




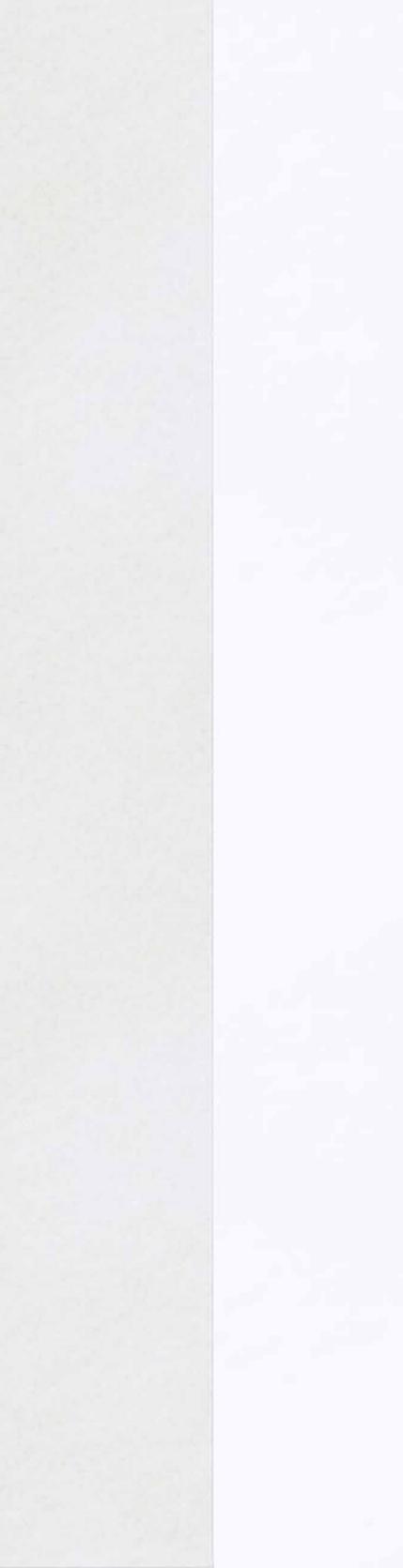


















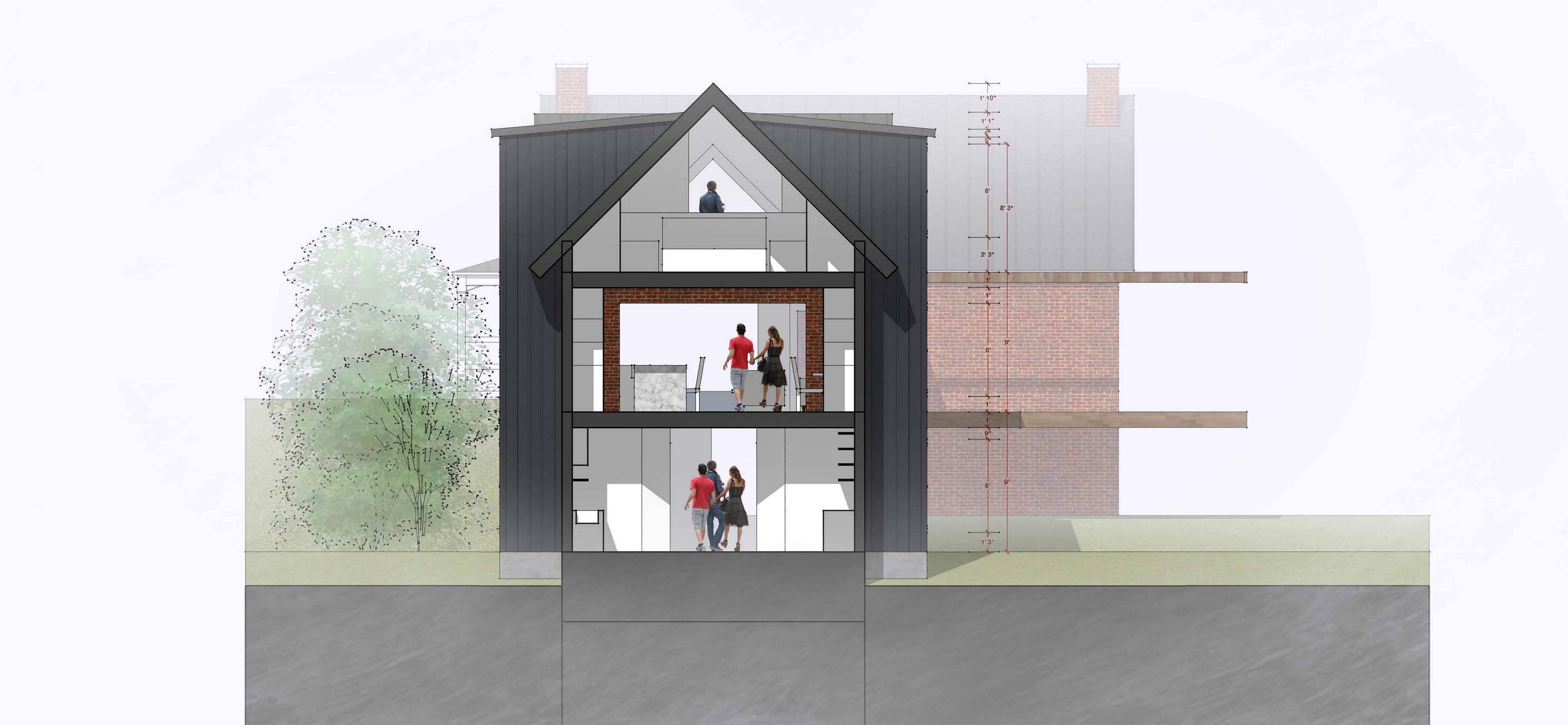








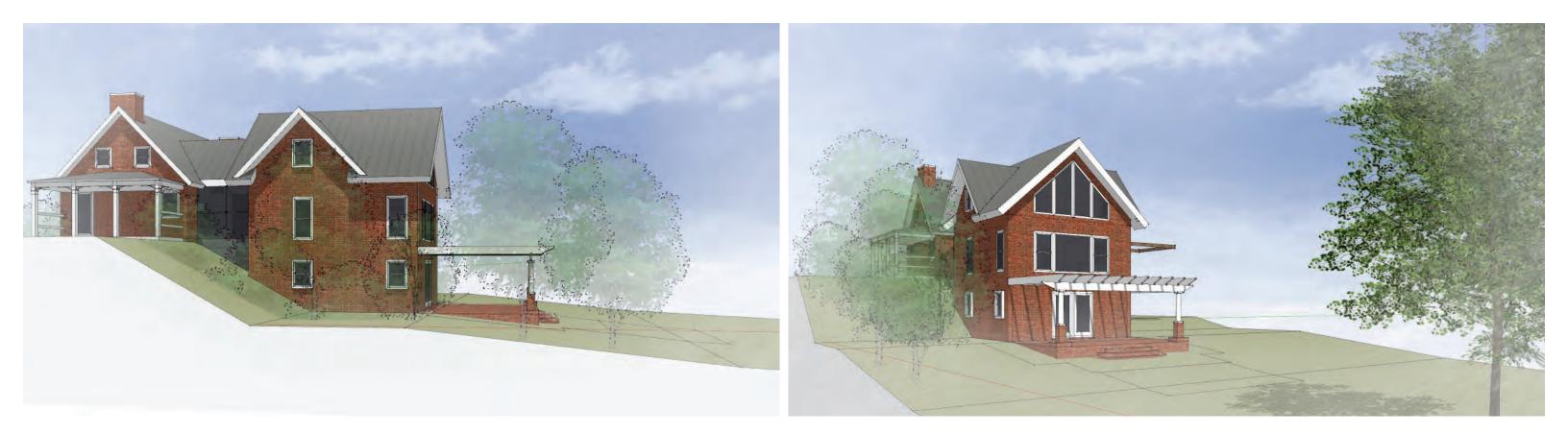


















PERSPECTIVES & ELEVATIONS

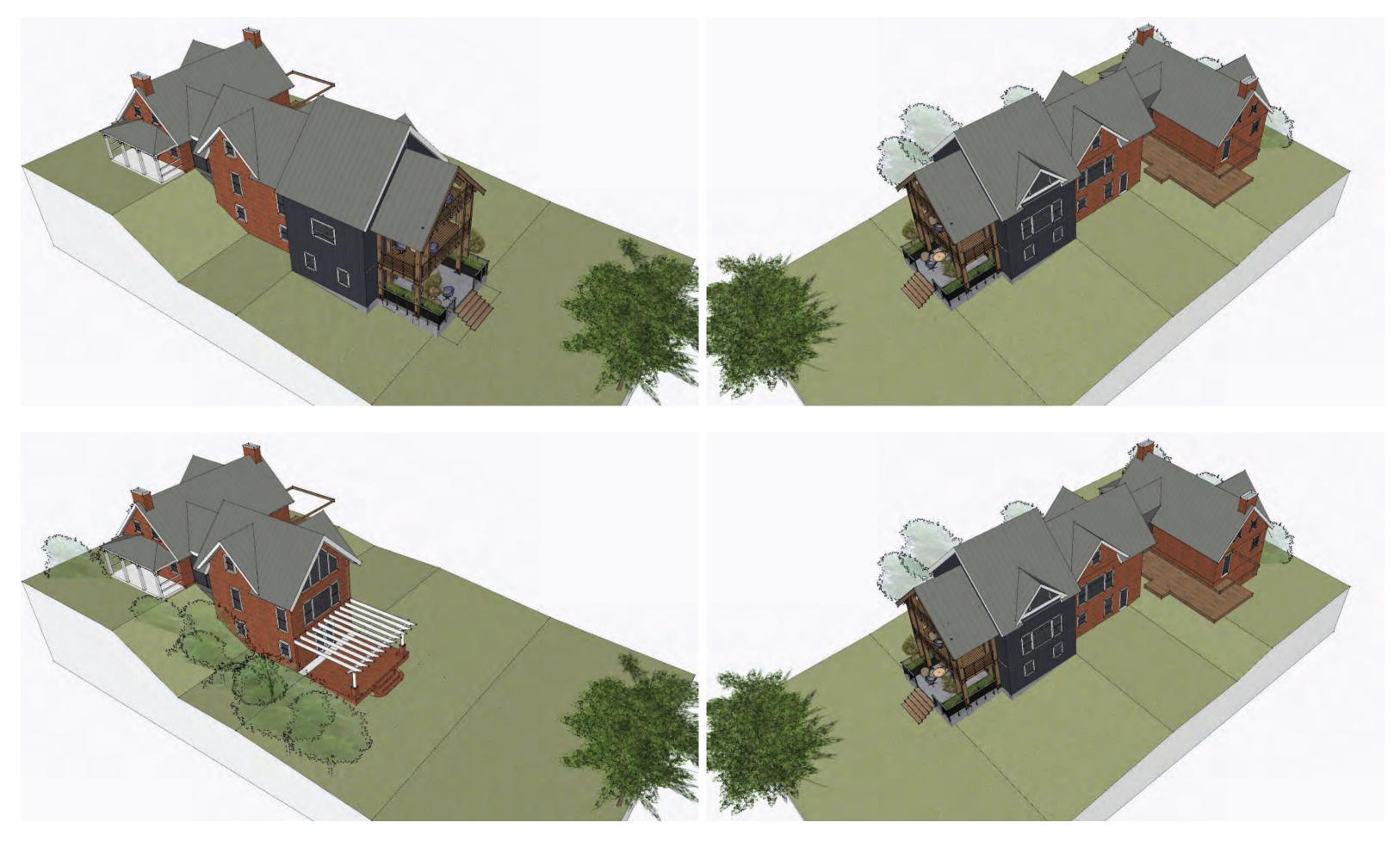






ELEVATIONS

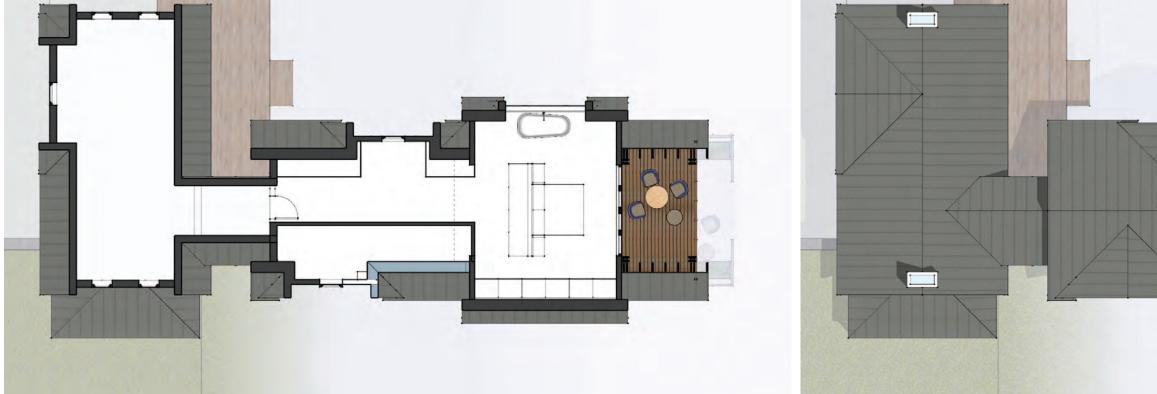
SHEET: 4 APRIL.19.2022



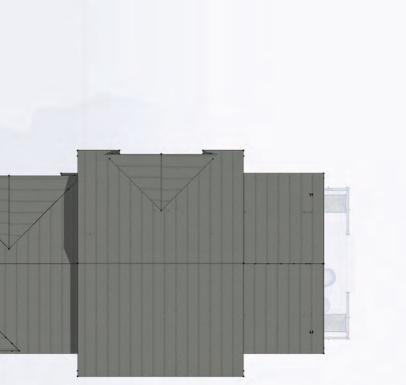
JON FINK HOUSE ADDITION **AERIAL VIEWS**

SHEET: 5 APRIL.19.2022





JON FINK HOUSE ADDITION



1901 East Market Street - Existing



Existing - Southeast Elevation



Existing - Northeast Elevation (from river)



Existing - South Elevation (from East Market St.)



Existing - Southeast Rendering



South Elevation - March 15, 2022



1901 East Market Street - April 16 revisions vs March 15



Southeast Elevation - March 15, 2022



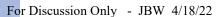
1901 East Market Street -



North Elevation - March 15, 2022



North Elevation - April 16, 2022





East Elevation - March 15, 2022



East Elevation - April 16, 2022



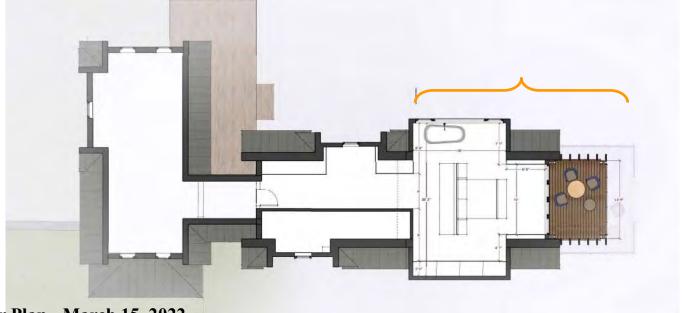
SE Rendering - March 15, 2022



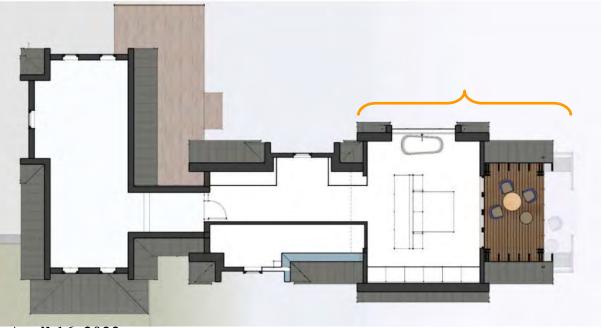
SE Rendering - April 16, 2022

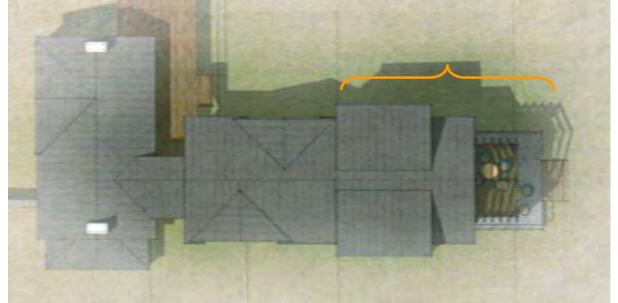


Sheet 6 of 8

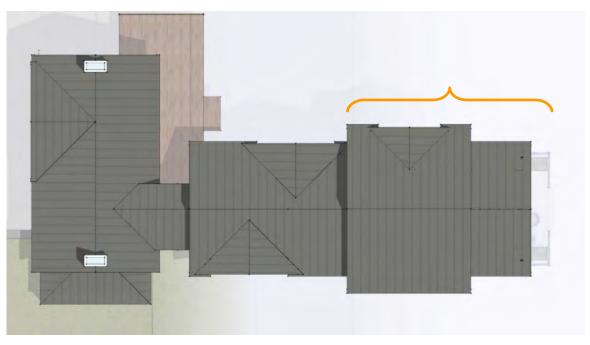


Upper Floor Plan - March 15, 2022





Roof Plan - March 15, 2022



Roof Plan - April 16, 2022

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