From: <u>Murphy, Mollie</u>

To: <u>Ian Browning</u>; <u>takers@stewart.com</u>

Cc: Werner, Jeffrey B
Subject: BAR # 23-05-01

Date: Wednesday, May 17, 2023 2:38:00 PM

Attachments: <u>image001.png</u>

Certificate of Appropriateness Application

BAR # 23-05-01

180 Rugby Road, TMP 090152000

The Corner ADC District Owner: Wooglin Company

Applicant: Ian Browning / UVREF

Project: Landscaping

Mr. Browning:

The CoA for the above referenced project was deferred by the City of Charlottesville Board of Architectural Review on May 16, 2023. The following action was taken:

Motion by Mr. Schwarz to accept applicant's request for a deferral. Second by Mr. Zehmer. Motion passed, 7-0. BAR requested applicant submit sample of the turf grass and information regarding its installation and maintenance, spec sheets for the pathway lighting, and measured drawings for the proposed brick piers, with a recommendation that the widths not exceed 18" and that, as important design elements on the site, the piers complement, but not mimic, the architecture of the house.

For specifics of the discussion, the meeting video is on-line at: https://boxcast.tv/channel/vabajtzezuyv3iclkx1a?b=lif3i1bax7nylxdimbrh

If you have any questions, please contact me or Jeff Werner (wernerjb@charlottesville.gov).

Sincerely, Mollie



Mollie Murphy

Assistant Historic Preservation and Design Planner Neighborhood Development Services City of Charlottesville (434) 970-3515 | murphymo@charlottesville.gov

https://www.charlottesville.gov/264/Historic-Preservation-Design-Reviewhttps://gisweb.charlottesville.org/GisViewer/https://opendata.charlottesville.org/

Certificate of Appropriateness Application

BAR # 23-05-01 180 Rugby Road, TMP 09015200

180 Rugby Road, TMP 090152000 The Corner ADC District

Owner: Wooglin Company Applicant: Ian Brown / UVREF

Project: Landscaping

Application components (please click each link to go directly to PDF page):

- Staff Report
- Historic Survey
- Application Submittal

May 2023 BAR Packet

City of Charlottesville Board of Architectural Review Staff Report May 16, 2023



Certificate of Appropriateness

BAR # 23-05-01

180 Rugby Road, TMP 090152000

The Corner ADC District Owner: Wooglin Company Applicant: Ian Brown / UVREF

Project: Landscaping





Background

Year Built: 1928

District: The Corner ADC District

Status: Contributing

This building was constructed in 1929, to designs by the Charlottesville architect Stanislau Makielski, for the Beta Theta Pi Fraternity and is a Georgian Revival with five bays, two and half stories, brick (Flemish bond), and a hip, slate roof with two hip roof dormers. (Survey attached)

Prior BAR Actions

N/A

Application

• Applicant submittal: The Grow Company submittal *Beta Fraternity*, dated March 10, 2023, 1 drawing and 8 pictures. Spec sheet for *Lawnmaxx 55*.

CoA request for landscaping project, which includes area of artificial turf at front yard.

Discussion and Recommendation

The applicant's request involves a landscaping plan with multiple elements: brick piers at the front walk, steps and pavers on the sides and rear, five lit bollards, and artificial in the front yard. (The plans indicate misc. pruning, clean up, and repairs; however, maintenance and repair are not subject to BAR review.)

During the April 18, 2023 meeting staff mentioned two recent inquiries regarding the installation of artificial turf—both in the front yards of fraternity houses on Rugby Road. The BAR response was

generally positive, but conditional. Use of a sustainable, eco-friendly material would be necessary. (it was mentioned that Monticello High School is considering—or, maybe, has installed—a product that uses bamboo pellets. Given the observed—better said, the *infamous*--conditions at many fraternities, it was acknowledged that artificial turf might be preferable to the severely compacted soil on which nothing will ever grow; however, it was suggested that turf, if allowed, not be the prominent feature of a yard, but be incorporated into areas with appropriate paving material—stone, brick, gravel, etc. It was noted UVa had installed turf in the rear yard of the president's house at Carr's Hill.

As of the drafting of this report, staff has not evaluated the proposed turf (Lawnmaxx 55), nor researched other product and options; however, we hope to have information available for the May 16 meeting, and we encourage the BAR to also research the options. Should there be no decision on the turf request[to approve or deny it], staff recommends approving a CoA for the balance of the project, with a condition addressing the lamping of the bollards and clarification of height, width, and cap material for the brick piers.

The BAR can exclude the turf from the CoA or resolve any design questions related to the turf installation (area, location, pavers, etc.) and incorporate into the CoA a condition that the turf product selected is subject to staff review, following consultation with the BAR chair. That is, not require a later, separate CoA request. to approve the material. (Staff is generally comfortable with this because the primary question for the BAR is whether or not artificial turf is aesthetically appropriate in this ADC District. Also, the BAR's review and approval of the design elements of the turf area establish that future requests cannot be reviewed administratively.).

Because the discussion will establish some level of precedent, staff recommends the discussion include the following:

- o Is artificial turf appropriate within an ADC district? If so, what parameters [product specs, visual attributes, environmental factors, etc.] are preferred or necessary?
- How should the BAR weigh factors such as location (front yard, side, rear), existing landscaping, topography, product type, area of coverage?
- Ocorresponding to the above, are there specific circumstances under which turf would not be allowed or even considered?
- o How and to what extent should paving materials be incorporated into the turf area, if at all?
- o Should the CoA address how the project is maintained and what criteria determines when/if the material must be replaced? as deteriorated?

Other than suggesting pavers to break up area of turf, staff finds the proposed landscaping plan is consistent with the design guidelines and recommends approval with conditions:

- Max height for the brick piers be 4-ft and widths not exceed 18" x 18" (approximately).
- Lamping for exterior lighting be dimmable, have a Color Temperature (CCT) not exceeding 3,000K, and a Color Rendering Index (CRI) not less than 80, preferably not less than 90.

Suggested Motions

Approval: Having considered the standards set forth within the City Code, including the ADC District Design Guidelines, I move to find that the proposed landscaping plan at 180 Rugby Road satisfy the BAR's criteria and are compatible with this property and other properties in this ADC District, and that the BAR approves the application [as submitted]. [..as submitted with the following conditions:...].

Denial: Having considered the standards set forth within the City Code, including the ADC District Design Guidelines, I move to find that proposed landscaping plan at 180 Rugby Road do not satisfy the BAR's criteria and are not compatible with this property and other properties in this ADC District, and that for the following reasons the BAR denies the application as submitted:

Criteria, Standards, and Guidelines

Review Criteria Generally

Sec. 34-284(b) of the City Code states that, in considering a particular application the BAR shall approve the application unless it finds:

- (1) That the proposal does not meet specific standards set forth within this division or applicable provisions of the Design Guidelines established by the board pursuant to Sec.34-288(6); and
- (2) The proposal is incompatible with the historic, cultural or architectural character of the district in which the property is located or the protected property that is the subject of the application.

Pertinent Standards for Review of Construction and Alterations include:

- (1) Whether the material, texture, color, height, scale, mass and placement of the proposed addition, modification or construction are visually and architecturally compatible with the site and the applicable design control district;
- (2) The harmony of the proposed change in terms of overall proportion and the size and placement of entrances, windows, awnings, exterior stairs and signs;
- (3) The Secretary of the Interior Standards for Rehabilitation set forth within the Code of Federal Regulations (36 C.F.R. §67.7(b)), as may be relevant;
- (4) The effect of the proposed change on the historic district neighborhood;
- (5) The impact of the proposed change on other protected features on the property, such as gardens, landscaping, fences, walls and walks;
- (6) Whether the proposed method of construction, renovation or restoration could have an adverse impact on the structure or site, or adjacent buildings or structures;
- (7) Any applicable provisions of the City's Design Guidelines.

Pertinent Guidelines from the Introduction

Link: Chapter 1 Introduction (Part 1)

B. Sustainability: Sustainability means meeting the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs. Green building means building practices that use energy, water, and other resources wisely. The City of Charlottesville and the Board of Architectural Review support the principles of green building and sustainable design in order to create a community that is healthy, livable, and affordable:

- Preservation is the most sustainable choice. Adaptive reuse of a historic building or living in a pre-owned home reduces consumption of land and materials for new construction, and may reduce housing costs.
- o Durable building materials such as brick, wood, cementitious siding, and metal roofs are economical and more compatible with the character of the community.
- o Mixed-use development provides an alternative to sprawl that allows residents to live within walking distance of activities, thereby reducing time spent in the car.
- o Infill development is an efficient use of land that can provide diversity in housing sizes and types, and can revitalize neighborhoods.
- Options for walking, bicycling, and transit promote healthy living and reduce dependence on automobiles and energy use.
- O Designing buildings for the local climate helps conserve energy.

- Locally obtained building materials, rapidly renewable or recycled materials, non-toxic materials and finishes, and wood certified by the Forest Stewardship Council provide sustainable choices.
- o Alternative construction techniques, such as structural insulated panels (SIPS), are energy efficient.
- o Low impact development methods (porous pavement, rain gardens, vegetated buffers, green roofs) retain storm water on site and protect street water quality by filtering runoff.
- o Use of rating systems such as LEED, Energy Star, and EarthCraft House are encouraged.

Sustainability and preservation are complementary concepts, and both goals should be pursued. Nothing in these guidelines should be construed to discourage green building or sustainable design. If such a design is found to conflict with a specific guideline, the BAR shall work with the applicant to devise a creative solution that meets that applicant's goal for sustainability that is also compatible with the character of the district and the property.

Flexibility: The [design guidelines] offer general recommendations on the design for all new buildings and additions in Charlottesville's historic districts. The guidelines are flexible enough to both respect the historic past and to embrace the future. The intent of these guidelines is not to be overly specific or to dictate certain designs to owners and designers. The intent is also not to encourage copying or mimicking particular historic styles. These guidelines are intended to provide a general design framework for new construction. Designers can take cues from the traditional architecture of the area and have the freedom to design appropriate new architecture for Charlottesville's historic districts.

Pertinent Guidelines for Site Design and Elements

Link: Chapter 2 Site Design and Elements

- B. Plantings
- 1) Encourage the maintenance and planting of large trees on private property along the streetfronts, which contribute to the "avenue" effect.
- 2) Generally, use trees and plants that are compatible with the existing plantings in the neighborhood.
- 3) Use trees and plants that are indigenous to the area.
- 4) Retain existing trees and plants that help define the character of the district, especially street trees and hedges.
- 5) Replace diseased or dead plants with like or similar species if appropriate.
- 6) When constructing new buildings, identify and take care to protect significant existing trees and other plantings.
- 7) Choose ground cover plantings that are compatible with adjacent sites, existing site conditions, and the character of the building.
- 8) Select mulching and edging materials carefully and do not use plastic edgings, lava, crushed rock, unnaturally colored mulch or other historically unsuitable materials.
- E. Walkways & Driveways
- 1) Use appropriate traditional paving materials like brick, stone, and scored concrete.
- 2) Concrete pavers are appropriate in new construction, and may be appropriate in site renovations, depending on the context of adjacent building materials, and continuity with the surrounding site and district.
- 3) Gravel or stone dust may be appropriate, but must be contained.
- 4) Stamped concrete and stamped asphalt are not appropriate paving materials.
- 5) Limit asphalt use to driveways and parking areas.
- 6) Place driveways through the front yard only when no rear access to parking is available.

- 7) Do not demolish historic structures to provide areas for parking.
- 8) Add separate pedestrian pathways within larger parking lots, and provide crosswalks at vehicular lanes within a site.

Appendix:

Sanborn 1920 (footprint drawn in later – date unknown)



Historic Survey photo (1980):





VIRGINIA HISTORIC LANDMARKS COMMISSION

File no. 104 - 70 Negative no(s). 506

SURVEY FORM

Common name Delta Opsilon House County/Town/City Albernarie, Charlotteswille Street address or route number 180 Rughy Date or period 4 1930 C. 1927 USGS Quad Chow lottes will e west, Va. Original owner Architect/builder/craftsmen Original use Present owner Della Upsilon Source of name Present owner address
180 Regly Roo 2 Source of date

Present use fraternity Acreage

Foundation and wall const'n

Roof type

Stories

State condition of structure and environs 900

State potential threats to structure Note any archaeological interest

Should be investigated for possible register potential? yes ____ no X___

Architectural description (Note significant features of plan, structural system and interior and exterior decoration, taking care to point out aspects not visible or clear from photographs. Explain nature and period of all alterations and additions. List any outbuildings and their approximate ages, cemeteries, etc.)

180: brick (flemish bond); 21/2 stories, hip took with 2 hip took dormers; 5 bay: 5 bay brick terrace with won railing. Georgian Revial. C. 1930. brick quions, projecting center position with pediment, entablature with soldier brick architique, blank, dentilated Queze, modillion blocks. enhance in center bay has A Tuscan pilasters, bull entablature with dentils and modillion blocks, Prieze states "Delta Upsilon", five light transom. 8 over 8 light sash windows, 1st floor- Jack arches, Stone Keys and sills. shutters. one interior chimney on north.

Interior inspected? No.

Historical significance (Chain of title; individuals, families, events, etc., associated with the property.)

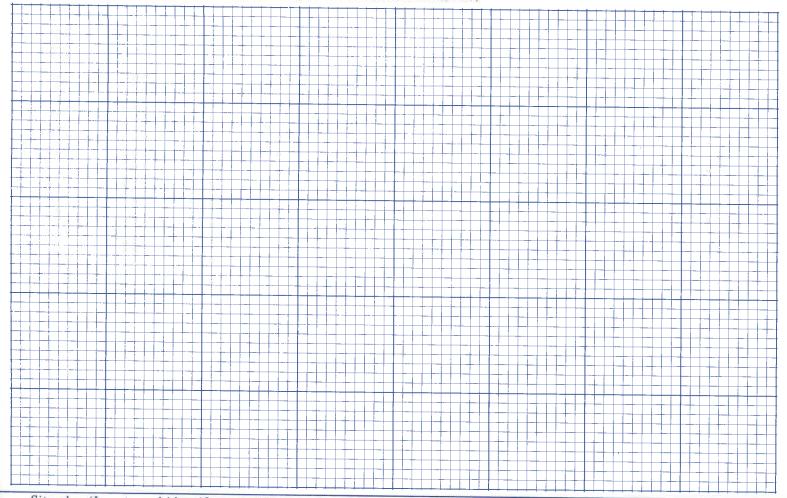
formerly Beta Theta Pi House not shown on 1907 or 1920 Sandborn maps. Delta Upsilon bought in early 1970's.

Sources and bibliography
Published sources (Books, articles, etc., with bibliographic data.)

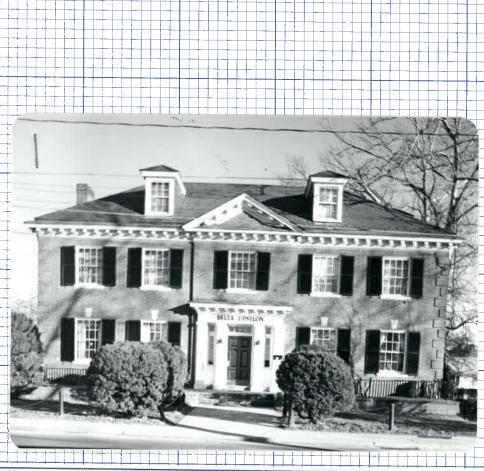
Primary sources (Manuscript documentary or graphic materials; give location.)

Names and addresses of persons interviewed

Plan (Indicate locations of rooms, doorways, windows, alterations, etc.)



Site plan (Locate and identify outbuildings, dependencies and significant topographical features.)



Name, address and title of recorder

Karen Rummer

Unio. of Va. Anch. History Good. Student

March 1980

Page No. 1

IPS (INTEGRATED PRESERVATION SOFTWARE)

06/24/1996

City of Charlottesville - Rugby Rd.-University Corner H.D.

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORIC RESOURCE RECONNAISSANCE SURVEY FORM

DHR Idenfication Number: 104-0133-0002

Other DHR Number: 104-70 Property Date(s) 1929

PROPERTY NAMES EXPLANATION
180 Rugby Road Address-Current

Beta Theta Pi House Historic

Delta Upsilon Fraternity House Current

County/Independent City: Charlottesville

State: Virginia

Magisterial District: Tax Parcel: 9-152-1-2

USGS Quad Map Name: CHARLOTTESVILLE WEST

UTMs of Boundary:

Center UTM:

Restrict location and UTM data? N

ADDRESSES

Number Thoroughfare Name Explanation

180 - Rugby Road Current

Vicinity: Town/Village/Hamlet: Charlottesville

Name of National Register Historic District:

Rugby Road-University Corner Historic District

Name of DHR Eligible Historic District:

Name of Local Historic District:

Physical Character of General Surroundings: City

Site Description/Notable Landscape Features:

On corner lot, sloping downward to rear; yard planted with evergreen shrubs, and front yard edged with rail fence; driveway behind building leads to parking adjoining building on south/southwest side.

Ownership: Private NR Resource Type: Building

WUZITS

Seq. # # of Wuzit Types Historic?

1.0 Single Dwelling Historic

TOTAL:

Historic:

1

Non-Historic:

PRIMARY RESOURCE EXTERIOR COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Component	#	Comp Type/Form	Material	Material Treatment
Cornice Dormer Foundation Roof Walls Window(s) Chimney Dormer Chimney	0 4 0 0 0 0 1 1 3	Boxed Hip-roofed Continuous Gable Masonry Sash, double-hung Interior Gable-roofed Semi-exterior	Wood Wood Brick Asphalt Brick Wood Brick Wood Brick	W/ Modilions Shingle 6-course Amer.Bond 1/1

INDIVIDUAL RESOURCE INFORMATION

SEQUENCE NUMBER: 1.0

WUZIT: Single Dwelling

Primary Resource? Yes

Estimated Date of Construction: 1929 Source of Date: Site Visit/Written Architectural Style: Colonial Revival

Description:

Large rectangluar block with two-and-one-half-story rear section on foundation with raised rear; both sections have hipped roofs, edged with ornate cornices which include modilion blocks on the front facade, and dentils on the other walls. Four hip-roofed dormers in main block, each with one-over-one double-hung sash window. Five-bay front facade has central entrance in Classical frontispiece with four three-quarter Doric columns supporting an entablature; a gabled dormer emphasizes the center bay. A semi-exterior chimney rises on the northeast side of the main block, with a one-over-one window breaking through on the second floor in the manner of Lutyens. The front facade's first-floor windows have jack arches and keystones; all windows on the front have window blinds.

Condition: Excellent

Threats to Resource: None Known

Additions/Alterations Description: None.

Number of Stories:

Interior Plan Type:

Accessed? No

Interior Description:

Relationship of Secondary Resources to Property: None.

DHR Historic Context: Domestic

Significance Statement:

This building was constructed in 1929, to designs by the Charlottesville

architect Stanislau Makielski, for the Beta Theta Pi Fraternity. "Since 1916 Beta Theta Pi had tried to build a house on University land, but in 1929 it chose instead to be on Rugby Road, across from Zeta Psi and near to the newly completed Phi Kappa Psi". Makielski envisioned another quadrangle formed by fraternity houses, similar to the arrangement on the northwest side of Rugby Road, for the site occupied by this house and adjoining land contained in the area between Chancellor Street, Rugby Road, and Madison Bowl; this plan was dropped when Phi Kappa Psi decided to build a house overlooking Madison Bowl (VDHR resource nos. 104-133-10, 104-67) (Bishop 1981: 17, 16). The Beta House was the last University of Virginia fraternity house to be built south of the railroad tracks, and it gave its name to Beta Bridge, located immediately to the north (VDHR resource no. 104-133-1) (Sanborn 1907, 1913, 1920, 1929, 1941, 1969; O'Dell 1983).

GRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION

Medium	Medium ID #	Frames	Date
B&W 35mm Photos	14646	3 - 5	3/ 9/1996
B&W 35mm Photos	14645		3/ 9/1996

BIBLIOGRAPHIC DATA

Sequence #: 1.1 Bibliographic Record Type: Survey, Other

Author: O'Dell, Jeffrey M. Citation Abbreviation:

Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission (VHLC) Survey Notes:

Sept. 1983. VDHR Archives.

Sequence #: 1.2 Bibliographic Record Type: Map

Author: Sanborn Map Company

Citation Abbreviation:

Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps, Charlottesville, VA

Notes:

Published by Sanborn Map Company, 1907, 1913, 1920, 1929, 1941, 1969. University of Virginia Library Government Documents.

Sequence #: 1.2 Bibliographic Record Type: Book

Author: Bishop, Timothy L.

Citation Abbreviation:

Fraternity Houses at the University of Virginia Notes:

Undergraduate Architectural History Independent Study, University of Virginia, 1981. University of Virginia Fiske Kimball Library.

CULTURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT EVENTS

Date: 3/ 2/1996

Cultural Resource Management Event: Reconnaissance Survey

Organization or Person: Smead, Susan E.

ID # Associated with Event:

CRM Event Notes or Comments:

MAILING ADDRESS

Honorif: First : Last : Suffix : Title :

• W 90

Company: VA Delta Upsilon Alumni Assoc., Inc.

Address: Mincer - 1527 University Avenue

City : Charlottesville

State: VA

Zip

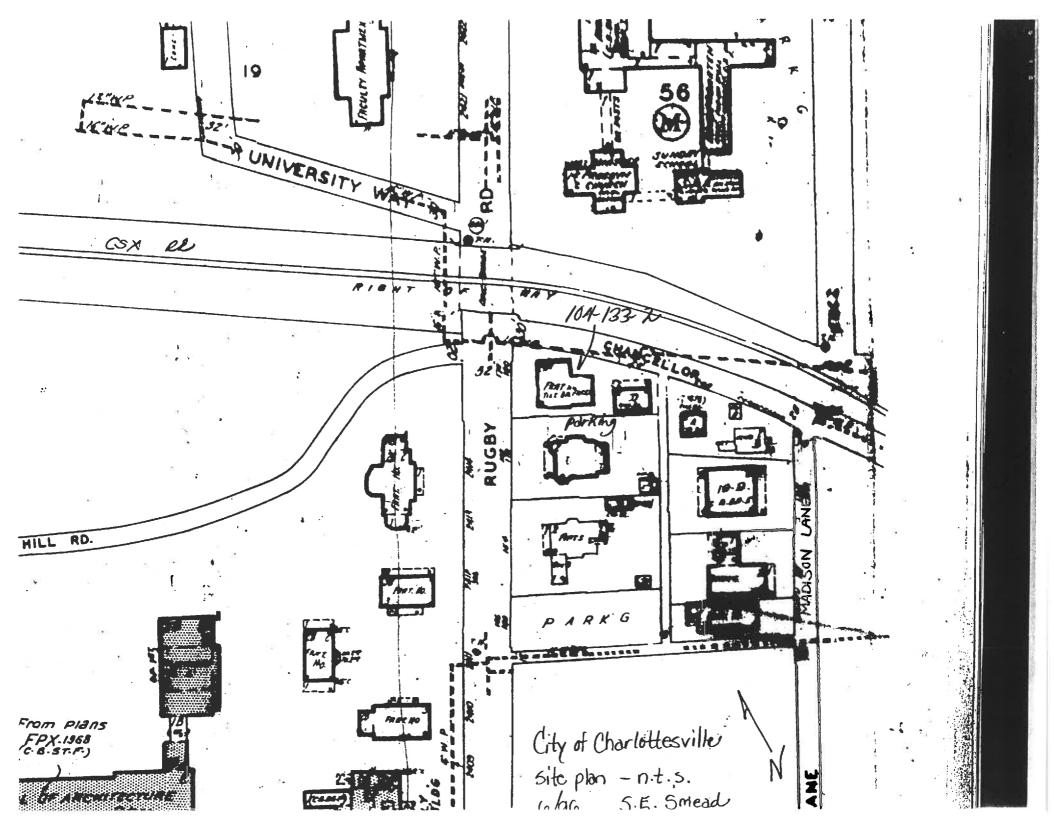
: 22903- Country: USA

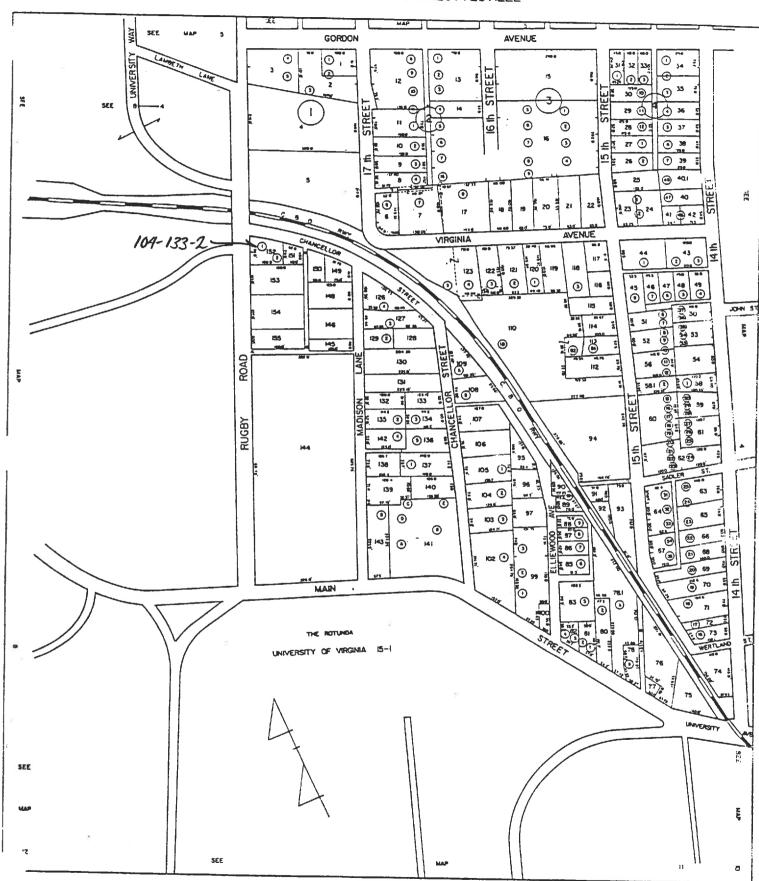
Phone/extension:

Individual Category Codes:

Mailing Address Notes:

Surveyor's Notes:







VIRGINIA HISTORIC LANDMARKS COMMISSION HISTORIC DISTRICT SURVEY FORM

File No. 104-136 - 2

Negative no(s), 7297

Page 1 of 2

	7				
Street address 180	Rugby Road	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-
Town/City Char	lottesville			n 1	
Historic name Beta Theta Pi House		Present name: Common name	Delta Upsilon House		
stanonano Deta	i illera i i u	ouse	Common name		
D brick (bo □ stone (□	ond: PFlemish, random rubble, ng: Weatherb e block ed steel	veatherboard, Shingle, S stretcher, Second random ashlar, Second oard, Shingle, Second	irse American. sed ashlar, num, bricktex, casi terra	tiron)
Number of Storie	es	Roof Type		Roof Materia	ıl
□ 1 □ 1 □ 1½ □ 3 □ 2 □ □	3	☐ gable		i standing seam metal	☐ not visible
Dormers Number of bays — Main facade					
□ 0 □ 3 □ 1 □ 4 □ 2 □	□ shed □ gable □ pedimented	Thipped	∵ 1 ∵ 2 ⇒ 3	14 0	7 8
Porch	Stories		Bays	General desc	ription
□ yes ፲ no	□ 1 □ 3 □ 2 □ <u></u>	1 (center) 1 (side)		no porch	
Building type detached ho detached to row house double hous	wn house	☐ garage ☐ farmhouse ☐ apartment building ☐ gas station	government commercial (o commercial (s railroad	,	ty
Style/period Geor	gian Revival	L Date	1929 Architect	्रिप्राद्धिः Stanislaw Mak	ielski
Location and description of entrance Central entry with elaborate Classical frontispiece featuring four pilasters, sidelights and toplight.					

Miscellaneous descriptive information (plan, exterior and interior decoration, cornice/eave type, window type and trim, chimneys, additions, alterations)

This is one of the few fraternity houses of its period in Charlottesville without a porch or portico Following traditional Virginia Georgian forms, it has a prominent modillion wood cornice, a Classical door frame, and good-quality brickwork in Flemish bond with jack arches at the windows. The small decorative front pediment enlivens the facade.

Historical information

The last UVa fraternity house to be erected south of the railroad tracks, the Beta house was built for the Beta Theta Pi fraternity house, which occupied i until the local chapter became inactive in 1972.

The local chapter of Delta Upsilon has occupied i since 1973.

The Beta house gave its name to nearby "Beta Bridjust northwest.

Source City directories; Eugenia Bibb;
T. Bishop. "Fraternities at UVa
Surveyed by Jeff O'Dell, VHLC Date



HISTORIC LANDMARKS COMMISSION

File No. 104-130 Negative no(s), 7297

Page 1 of	HISTORIC DISTRICT (S)	UNVEY FORM		
treet address 180 Rugby R			· Production of the state of th	
own/City Charlottesv	ille	_		
listoric name Beta Theta	Pi House	Present name: Common name	Delta Upsilon Hou	ise
□ stone (□ random ru	○ weatherboard, ○ shingle, emish, ○ stretcher, ○ coubble, ○ random ashlar, ○ coubble, ○ alui	purse American, Lister pursed ashlar, Dursed ashlar		
Number of Stories	Roof Typ	na -		
□ 1 □ 2%			Roof Mate	erial
□ 1½ □ 3 □ 2 □	① gable	mansard gambrel parapet flat	☐ slate ☐ wood shingle ☐ composition ☐ standing seam meta ☐ other	□ not visible
Dorme	ers	Number	er of bays — Main facade	
0	fipped	□ 1 □ 2 □ 3	©-5	□ 7 □ 8 □
Porch Storie	es	Bays	General de	scription
yes ⊡ no □ 1 □ □ 2 □	3 ☐ 1 (center ☐ 1 (side)		no porch	
uilding type				
detached house detached town house row house double house	☐ garage ☐ farmhouse ☐ apartment building ☐ gas station	☐ government☐ commercial (c☐☐ commercial (s☐☐ railroad☐		·- 19
yle/period Georgian Revi	val Date	1929 Architect	/ኢኢኢጵጵ Stanislaw Mai	kielski
four pilasters, si	delights and toplight	elaborate Classica. cellaneous descriptive information to the control of the con	ation (plan, exterior and inter and trim, chimneys, addition:	ior decoration, s, alterations)

door frame, and good-quality brickwork in Flemish bond with jack arches at the windows. The small decorative front pediment enlivens the facade.

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The Beta house gave its name to nearby "Beta Bridge", just northwest.

Source City directories; Eugenia Bibb;
T. Bishop, "Fraternities at UVa.....
Surveyed by Jeff O'Dell, VHLC Date









Date	3/4/90	File No. 104-133-1
Name _	Oelta Upsilon, 180	Rugby Rd.
Town _	Charlottesviller	
County		
Photogra	apher S.E. Smead	
Contents	5 4 extensor vicens	

ADC District or IPP



Board of Architectural Review (BAR) Certificate of Appropriateness ADC Districts and IPPs

Please Return To: City of Charlottesville
Department of Neighborhood Development Services
P.O. Box 911, City Hall
Staff contacts:

Charlottesville, Virginia 22902 Telephone (434) 970-3130

Jeff Werner wernerjb@charlottesville.gov

Please submit the signed application form and a digital copy of submittal and attachments (via email or thumb drive). Please include application fee as follows: New construction project \$375; Demolition of a contributing structure \$375; Appeal of BAR decision \$125; Additions and other projects requiring BAR approval \$125; Administrative approval \$100. Make checks payable to the City of Charlottesville.

The BAR meets the third Tuesday of the month.

Deadline for submittals is Tuesday 3 weeks prior to next BAR meeting by 3:30 p.m.

Owner Name Wooglin Company	_ Applicant Name Ian Browning / UVA Foundation		
Project Name/Description_Landscaping	Parcel Number090152000		
Project Property Address180 Rugby Road			
Applicant Information Address: 180 Rugby Rd Charlottesville, VA 22903 Email: Ibrowning@uvafoundation.com	Signature of Applicant I hereby attest that the information I have provided is, to the best of my knowledge, correct. 4-24-23		
Phone: (W) <u>434-989-6507</u> (C)	Signature Date		
Property Owner Information (if not applicant)	<u>Ian Browning 4-24-23</u> Print Name Date		
Address: P O BOX 400218 CHARLOTTESVILLE VA 22904 Email: takers@stewart.com Phone: (W) 434-982-4840 (C) Do you intend to apply for Federal or State Tax Credits for this project? No	Property Owner Permission (if not applicant) I have read this application and hereby give my consent to its submission. Timothy L. Akers 04-24-23 Signature Date Timothy L. Akers -President 04-24-23 Print Name Date		
Description of Proposed Work (attach separate narra Landscaping	ative if necessary):		
List All Attachments (see reverse side for submittal in Site plan, requested photographs, example of ent	requirements): try pillars, example of landscape steps, lawn covering specs		
For Office Use Only	Approved/Disapproved by:		
Received by:	Date:		
Fee paid:Cash/Ck. #	Conditions of approval:		
Date Received:			

HISTORIC DISTRICT ORDINANCE: You can review the *Historical Preservation and Architectural Design Control Overlay Districts* regulations in the City of Charlottesville Zoning Ordinance starting with Section 34-271 online at **charlottesville.gov** or at Municode.com for the City of Charlottesville.

DESIGN REVIEW GUIDELINES: Please refer to the current *ADC Districts Design Guidelines* online at **charlottesville.gov**

SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS: The following information and exhibits shall be submitted along with each application for Certificate of Appropriateness, per Sec. 34-282 (d) in the City of Charlottesville Zoning Ordinance:

- (1) Detailed and clear depictions of any proposed changes in the exterior features of the subject property;
- (2) Photographs of the subject property and photographs of the buildings on contiguous properties;
- (3) One set of samples to show the nature, texture and color of materials proposed;
- (4) The history of an existing building or structure, if requested;
- (5) For new construction and projects proposing expansion of the footprint of an existing building: a three-dimensional model (in physical or digital form);
- (6) In the case of a demolition request where structural integrity is at issue, the applicant shall provide a structural evaluation and cost estimates for rehabilitation, prepared by a professional engineer, unless waived by the BAR.

APPEALS: Following a denial the applicant, the director of neighborhood development services, or any aggrieved person may appeal the decision to the city council, by filing a written notice of appeal within ten (10) working days of the date of the decision. Per Sec. 34-286. - City council appeals, an applicant shall set forth, in writing, the grounds for an appeal, including the procedure(s) or standard(s) alleged to have been violated or misapplied by the BAR, and/or any additional information, factors or opinions he or she deems relevant to the application.

CHARLOTTESVILLE ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN CONTROL DISTRICTS DESIGN GUIDELINES

Chapter 1 Introduction (Part 1)

http://weblink.charlottesville.org/public/0/edoc/793062/2 Introduction%20I BAR.pdf

Chapter 1 Introduction (Part 2)

http://weblink.charlottesville.org/public/0/edoc/793063/1 Introduction%20II BAR.pdf

Chapter 2 Site Design and Elements

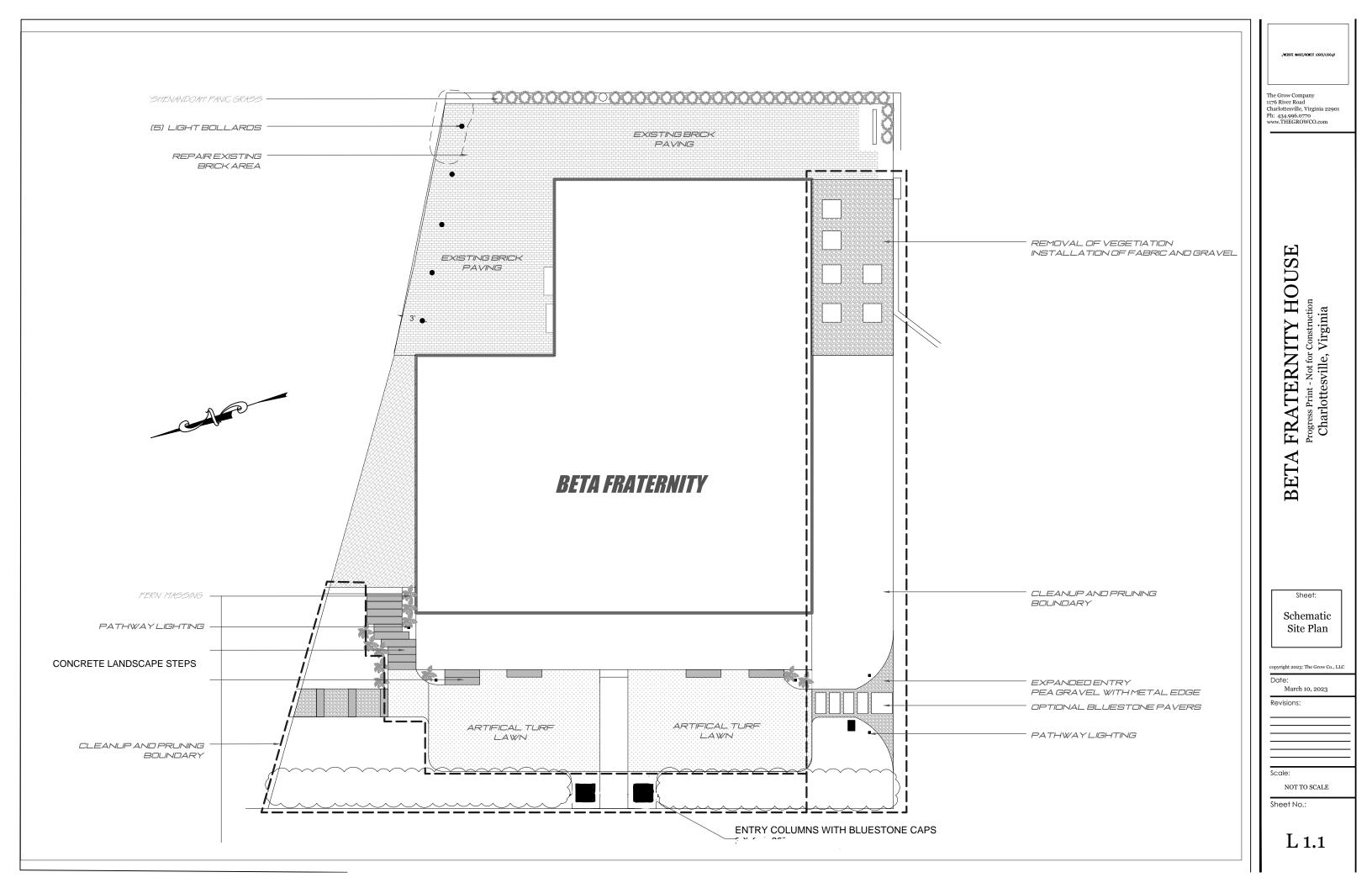
http://weblink.charlottesville.org/public/0/edoc/793064/3 Chapter%20II%20Site%20Design%20and%20Elements BAR.pdf

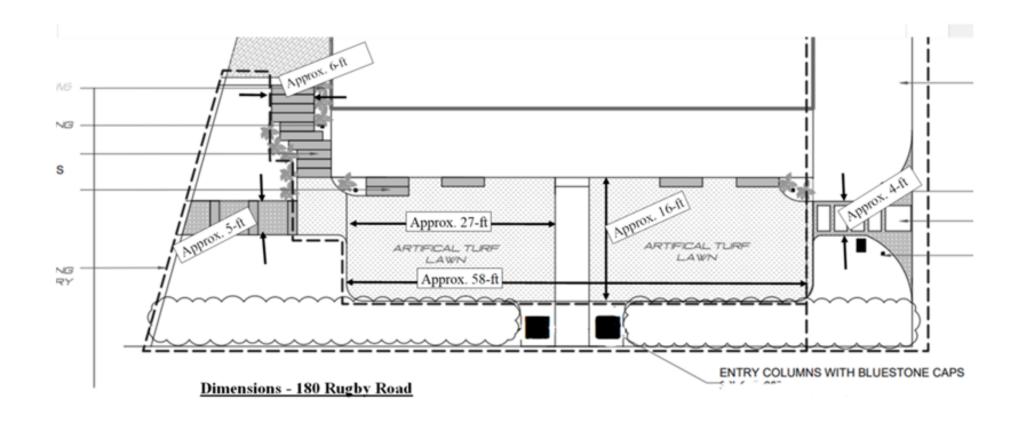
Chapter 3 New Construction and Additions

http://weblink.charlottesville.org/public/0/edoc/793065/4 Chapter%20III%20New%20Construction%20and%20Additions BAR.pdf

Chapter 4 Rehabilitation

http://weblink.charlottesville.org/public/0/edoc/793066/5 Chapter%20IV%20Rehabilitation BAR.pdf





180 Rugby Road



















