From: Scala, Mary Joy

Sent: Thursday, August 27, 2015 8:37 AM

To: 'Kevin Riddle'

Cc: Blake Hurt (bhurt@cvilleofficespace.com)

Subject: BAR Action - August 18, 2015 - 853 W Main Street

August 27, 2015

Mitchell Mathews Architects 300 Twin Sycamores Ln Charlottesville, VA 22903

Certificate of Appropriateness Application

BAR 15-06-04
853 West Main Street
Tax Parcel 3101700
Blake Hurt, Owner/Kevin Riddle, Applicant
South Façade renovations to brick veneer, addition of canopy and paved terrace.

Dear Applicant,

The above referenced project was discussed before a meeting of the City of Charlottesville Board of Architectural Review (BAR) on August 18, 2015. The following action was taken:

The BAR approved (7-0) the application as submitted, with a more detailed landscape plan, as well as specific tree choices to be circulated to the BAR for administrative approval.

Please submit the landscape plan when ready.

This certificate of appropriateness shall expire in 18 months (February 18, 2017), unless within that time period you have either: been issued a building permit for construction of the improvements if one is required, or if no building permit is required, commenced the project. The expiration date may differ if the COA is associated with a valid site plan. You may request an extension of the certificate of appropriateness *before this approval expires* for one additional year for reasonable cause.

Upon completion of the project, please contact me for an inspection of the improvements included in this application. If you have any questions, please contact me at 434-970-3130 or scala@charlottesville.org.

Sincerely yours,

Mary Joy Scala, AICP
Preservation and Design Planner

Mary Joy Scala, AICP

Preservation and Design Planner
City of Charlottesville
Department of Neighborhood Development Services
City Hall – 610 East Market Street
P.O. Box 911
Charlottesville, VA 22902
Ph 434.970.3130 FAX 434.970.3359
scala@charlottesville.org

CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE BOARD OF ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW STAFF REPORT August 18, 2015



Certificate of Appropriateness Application
BAR 15-06-04
853 West Main Street
Tax Parcel 3101700000
Mitchell Matthew Architects, Applicant/Blake Hurt, Owner
Renovation to south side of existing building and exterior space of sidewalk

Background:

This property is a non-contributing building located in the West Main Street ADC District. In 2014 a mixed use building called the Standard was approved on this site. Two buildings including the subject building, formerly a Safeway grocery built in the 1960's, and the Republic Plaza building, built in the 1980's, were planned for demolition.

The West Main North Corridor Mixed Use **zoning district regulations** are as follows:

Minimum height: 40 feet; maximum 60 feet, with up to 70 feet allowed with SUP.

Density: maximum 43 DUA by right; up to 200 DUA by special use permit.

Stepback: 25 feet minimum height streetwall with 2 interior floors; 60 feet maximum.

25 foot minimum stepback required the full length at the streetwall height.

<u>Setbacks</u>: At least 75% of building built to property line; 25% remaining may be setback up to 12 feet. However, if streetscape trees are provided, up to 50% of building may be setback 20 feet. Side and rear setbacks: none unless adjacent to low density. (Westhaven is not zoned low density.)

<u>Other mixed use regulations</u>: No ground floor residential or parking garage other than ingress/egress may front on West Main Street. Developments that occupy a whole City block shall provide courtyards and plazas accessible to right-of-way.

<u>Parking</u>: Parking Modified Zone: non-residential developments shall provide fifty (50) percent of the required parking, and residential developments shall provide one (1) space per unit. Parking requirements may be fulfilled by the property owner or developer through several alternatives outlined in the code.

<u>West Main Street Streetscape Plan</u>: The City has hired a consultant, Rhodeside and Harwell, to prepare a streetscape plan for West Main Street, with priority focus on this part of West Main Street, and also the intersection of Ridge-McIntire.

August 20, 2013 - The BAR approved (8-0) demolition of 855 W Main Street (Republic Plaza).

<u>September 17, 2013</u> – The BAR voted (9-0): The BAR finds that the Special Use Permit to allow increased density (from 43 units per acre to 89 units per acre) and additional building height will have an adverse impact on the West Main Street ADC and recommends the following mitigations: The applicant should:

- Study the massing of the building to consider its relationship to the free-standing house to the west
- Reflect greater presence of the arcade and courtyard in the design, consistent with Planning Commission recommendations
- Reconsider the number of parking spaces as reflected in the volume of the building
- Modify all four elevations to reduce massing and size of the structure

- Reconsider the number of four-bedroom units to compare with the density of University districts (21 units per acre)
- Incorporate recommendations from the West Main Study into the design
- Provide retail and publicly accessible amenities fronting West Main Street

The BAR appreciates the voluntary choice of the applicant to contribute to the West Main study process.

October 15, 2013 - The BAR made comments on the revised plan, and were generally supportive of the evolving design.

November 4, 2013 - City Council approved SUP with conditions.

<u>November 19, 2013</u> - The BAR approved (6-1 with Adams opposed) the application as submitted, with the building details (windows, canopies, etc.) to come back to the BAR. In addition, larger trees should be added to the east and west sides.

<u>January 21, 2014</u> - The BAR approved (8-0) the application for the Standard mixed use building as follows: (1)The proposed Silverline vinyl window by Andersen, and the Marvin Ultrex Integrity window are acceptable (with no muntins) but not the dark-colored Andersen composite window. An alternate choice should be submitted to staff, who will email the BAR if it is not acceptable; (2) The site details for trees with something else substituted for the River Birch; (3)Additional design details for the transformer screen to be submitted to staff.

<u>June 16, 2015-</u> The BAR accepted (6-0) the applicant's request for deferral. The BAR was generally supportive, but requested additional details, such as lighting, signage, materials, and landscaping plan.

Application:

The applicant now proposes to renovate the south façade of the existing brick (formerly Safeway) building, with the addition of a canopy and paved terrace space on West Main Street. The building is located approximately 18 feet from the West Main sidewalk.

- Replace brick façade and small existing windows with storefront.
- Replace mulch groundcover with masonry pavers.
- Plant 3-4 new trees and if possible preserve the two existing trees.
- Build a low bench wall at the back of the sidewalk along the south boundary line.
- Build metal and wood structure to partially shelter the exterior space.
- Screen existing transformer with tall wall.

The application remains the same as what was submitted in June, however, per the BAR's request the applicant has included the material selections, a landscape plan with planting selections, and a lighting plan.

Criteria. Standards and Guidelines

Review Criteria Generally

Sec. 34-284(b) of the City Code states that,

In considering a particular application the BAR shall approve the application unless it finds:

(1) That the proposal does not meet specific standards set forth within this division or applicable provisions of the Design Guidelines established by the board pursuant to Sec.34-288(6); and

(2) The proposal is incompatible with the historic, cultural or architectural character of the district in which the property is located or the protected property that is the subject of the application.

Pertinent Standards for Review of Construction and Alterations include:

- (1) Whether the material, texture, color, height, scale, mass and placement of the proposed addition, modification or construction are visually and architecturally compatible with the site and the applicable design control district;
- (2) The harmony of the proposed change in terms of overall proportion and the size and placement of entrances, windows, awnings, exterior stairs and signs;
- (3) The Secretary of the Interior Standards for Rehabilitation set forth within the Code of Federal Regulations (36 C.F.R. §67.7(b)), as may be relevant;
- (4) The effect of the proposed change on the historic district neighborhood;
- (5) The impact of the proposed change on other protected features on the property, such as gardens, landscaping, fences, walls and walks;
- (6) Whether the proposed method of construction, renovation or restoration could have an adverse impact on the structure or site, or adjacent buildings or structures;
- (8) Any applicable provisions of the City's Design Guidelines.

Pertinent Design Review Guidelines for New Construction

K. Street level Design

- 1. Street level facades of all building types, whether commercial, office, or institutional, should not have blank walls; they should provide visual interest to the passing pedestrian.
- 2. When designing new storefronts or elements for storefronts, conform to the general configuration of traditional storefronts depending on the context of the sub-area. New structures do offer the opportunity for more contemporary storefront designs.
- 3. Keep the ground level facades(s) of new retail commercial buildings at least eighty percent transparent up to a level of ten feet.
- 4. Include doors in all storefronts to reinforce street level vitality.
- 5. Articulate the bays of institutional or office buildings to provide visual interest.
- 6. Institutional buildings, such as city halls, libraries, and post offices, generally do not have storefronts, but their street levels should provide visual interest and display space or first floor windows should be integrated into the design.
- 7. Office buildings should provide windows or other visual interest at street level.
- 8. Neighborhood transitional buildings in general should not have transparent first floors, and the design and size of their façade openings should relate more to neighboring residential structures.
- 9. Along West Main Street, secondary (rear) facades should also include features to relate appropriately to any adjacent residential areas.
- 10. Any parking structures facing on important streets or on pedestrian routes must have storefronts, display windows, or other forms of visual relief on the first floors of these elevations.
- 11. A parking garage vehicular entrance/exit opening should be diminished in scale, and located off to the side to the degree possible.

M. Materials and Textures

- 1. The selection of materials and textures for a new building should be compatible with and complementary to neighboring buildings.
- 2. In order to strengthen the traditional image of the residential areas of the historic districts, brick, stucco, and wood siding is the most appropriate materials for new buildings.
- 3. In commercial/office areas, brick is generally the most appropriate material for new structures. "Thin set" brick is not permitted. Stone is more commonly used for site walls than buildings.
- 4. Large-scale, multi-lot buildings, whose primary facades have been divided into different bays and planes to relate to existing neighboring buildings, can have varied materials, shades, and textures.
- 5. Synthetic siding and trim, including, vinyl and aluminum, are not historic cladding materials in the historic districts, and their use should be avoided.
- 6. Cementitious siding, such as HardiPlank boards and panels, are appropriate.
- 7. Concrete or metal panels may be appropriate.

- 8. Metal storefronts in clear or bronze are appropriate.
- 9. The use of Exterior Insulation and Finish Systems (EIFS) is discouraged but may be approved on items such as gables where it cannot be seen or damaged. It requires careful design of the location of control joints.
- 10. The use of fiberglass-reinforced plastic is discouraged. If used, it must be painted.
- 11. All exterior trim woodwork, decking and flooring must be painted, or may be stained solid if not visible from public right-of-way.

Pertinent Design Review Guidelines for Site Design and Elements

B. PLANTINGS

Plantings are a critical part of the historic appearance of the residential sections of Charlottesville's historic districts. The character of the plantings often changes within each district's sub-areas as well as from district to district. Many properties have extensive plantings in the form of trees, foundation plantings, shrub borders, and flowerbeds. Plantings are limited in commercial areas due to minimal setbacks.

- 1. Encourage the maintenance and planting of large trees on private property along the streetfronts, which contribute to the "avenue" effect.
- 2. Generally, use trees and plants that are compatible with the existing plantings in the neighborhood.
- 3. Use trees and plants that are indigenous to the area.
- 4. Retain existing trees and plants that help define the character of the district, especially street trees and hedges.
- 5. Replace diseased or dead plants with like or similar species if appropriate.
- 6. When constructing new buildings, identify and take care to protect significant existing trees and other plantings.
- 7. Choose ground cover plantings that are compatible with adjacent sites, existing site conditions, and the character of the building.

Select mulching and edging materials carefully and do not use plastic edgings, lava, crushed rock, unnaturally colored mulch or other historically unsuitable materials.

D. LIGHTING

Charlottesville's residential areas have few examples of private site lighting. Most houses, including those used for commercial purposes, have attractive, often historically styled fixtures located on the house at various entry points. In the commercial areas, there is a wide variety of site lighting including large utilitarian lighting, floodlights and lights mounted on buildings. Charlottesville has a "Dark Sky" ordinance that requires full cutoff for lamps that emit 3,000 or more lumens. Within an ADC District, the BAR can impose limitations on lighting levels relative to the surrounding context.

- 1. In residential areas, use fixtures that are understated and compatible with the residential quality of the surrounding area and the building while providing subdued illumination.
- 2. Choose light levels that provide for adequate safety yet do not overly emphasize the site or building. Often, existing porch lights are sufficient.
- 3. In commercial areas, avoid lights that create a glare. High intensity commercial lighting fixtures must provide full cutoff.
- 4. Do not use numerous "crime" lights or bright floodlights to illuminate a building or site when surrounding lighting is subdued.
- 5. In the downtown and along West Main Street, consider special lighting of key landmarks and facades to provide a focal point in evening hours.
- 6. Encourage merchants to leave their display window lights on in the evening to provide extra illumination at the sidewalk level.
- 7. Consider motion-activated lighting for security.

H. UTILITIES & OTHER SITE APPURTENANCES

Site appurtenances, such as overhead utilities, fuel tanks, utility poles and meters, antennae, exterior mechanical units, and trash containers, are a necessary part of contemporary life. However, their placement may detract from the character of the site and building.

1. Plan the location of overhead wires, utility poles and meters, electrical panels, antennae, trash

- containers, and exterior mechanical units where they are least likely to detract from the character of the site.
- 2. Screen utilities and other site elements with fences, walls, or plantings.
- 3. Encourage the installation of utility services underground.
- 4. Antennae and communication dishes should be placed in inconspicuous rooftop locations, not in a front yard.
- 5. Screen all rooftop mechanical equipment with a wall of material harmonious with the building or structure.

Discussion and Recommendations:

In June the BAR requested further information on the material selections, a landscape plan with planting selections, and a lighting plan. The applicant has included these details in the August submittal packet; however, the BAR might wish to see a more detailed landscape plan.

Suggested Motion

Having considered the standards set forth within the City Code, including City Design Guidelines for New Construction and Site Elements, I move to find that the proposed façade renovation and new outdoor space satisfy the BAR's criteria and are compatible with this property and other properties in the West Main Street ADC district, and that the BAR approves the application as submitted (or with the following modifications...).



Board of Architectural Review (BAR) Certificate of Appropriateness

Please Return To: City of Charlottesville

Department of Neighborhood Development Services

P.O. Box 911, City Hall Charlottesville, Virginia 22902

Telephone (434) 970-3130 Fax (434) 970-3359

Please submit ten (10) copies of application form and all attachments.

For a new construction project, please include \$375 application fee. For all other projects requiring BAR approval, please include \$125 application fee. For projects that require only administrative approval, please include \$100 administrative fee. Make checks payable to the City of Charlottesville.

The BAR meets the third Tuesday of the month.

Deadline for submittals is Tuesday 3 weeks prior to next BAR meeting by 3:30 p.m.

Owner Name BLAVE HURT	Applicant Name MTCHELL MATTHEW ARCHITECT
Project Name/Description 853 W MAIN ST.	Parcel Number 310170000
Property Address 853 W MAIN CT. (FORMER CAFELLAY BUILDING)
Applicant Information Address: 300 TU(N) SHCAMIZES IN. CHARLOTHSVILLE VA 22903 Email: kre mitchell mattheus. com Phone: (W) 979-5220 (H) FAX: Property Owner Information (if not applicant) Address:	Signature Date VEVIN RIDDLE 05/26/2015
Email: Phone: (W)(H) FAX: Do you intend to apply for Federal or State Tax Credits for this project?	Property Owner Permission (if not applicant) I have read this application and hereby give my consent to its submission. Signature Date Print Name Date Date Date Date
Description of Proposed Work (attach separate narra といていい RP-NCK BULPING + APDITION します MMN. List All Attachments (see reverse side for submittal i	ative if necessary): RENCUATION OF SOUTIA FACE OF OF CANORY A PAVED TUZZACE SPACE ON requirements):
For Office Use Only Received by: Cash/Ck. # 1038 Date Received: S2115	Approved/Disapproved by: Date: Conditions of approval:



This is the second time we have presented this project to the BAR. In the May meeting, we deferred a vote. At the time, the proposal received a largely positive reaction, but the Board requested information about material choices, land-scaping and lighting. Based on this discussion, we have added the following:

- Elevations page 13 & 14.
- Material Selections page 15. We will provide samples of these materials on the night of the meeting.
- Planting Strategy/Selections page 16.
- Lighting Strategy/Selections- page 17-19.

Location 853 West Main Street

Tax Map & Parcel Number 3101700000

Area of Improvements approx. 7,720 sq ft of exterior space along W. Main Street

Zoning West Main Street North Corridor -WMN
West Main Street ADC District Overlay

Proposed Use

Restaurant/Commercial

Constructed in the late 1960's, this building originally served as a Safeway supermarket. It stands one story tall-- approximately 15 feet high-- at the street. It is faced in red brick, with several pairs of relatively small windows on the south. Roofs are flat membrane types with parapets on some sides.

Currently, the building is subdivided and rented to multiple tenants. By and large, it is accessed from the parking lot to its west. Present tenants have almost no presence on West Main Street, where the building is architecturally subdued, lacking significant entries or patio space of any kind. The south wall is approximately 18 feet back from the city sidewalk.

The owner seeks to renovate the building along West Main Street to engage it with the city corridor and attract tenants operating retail businesses, such as shops, cafes or restaurants. In order to do so, we propose the following:

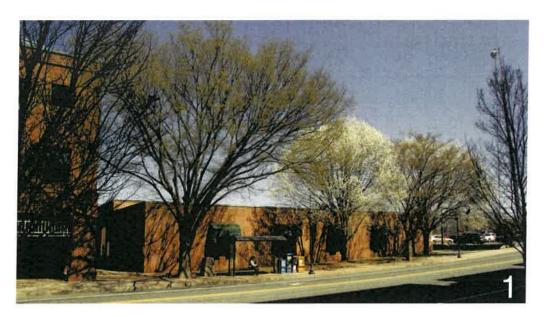
- Replace much of the brick veener and small, nondescript windows on the street side with a continuous expanse of glazed storefront. This will allow greater visiblity within and without.
- Replace the mulch groundcover between the south wall and the city sidewalk with masonry pavers, leaving rectangular spaces free for tree planting beds, where necessary.
- Remove 2 Bradford Pear trees. These are near the end of their life span. They have exposed roots, and preserving them during construction would be a challenge. Typically, the Bradford Pear is not regarded as a desirable species because of overplanting and limb frailty.
- · Plant 5 new trees (species noted on page 16).
- · Build a low bench wall along the south boundary of the property at the sidewalk in the same material as the new patio paving. Cover the top of this wall with wood benches to provide seating for tenants and customers.
- Build a canopy with steel structure and metal cladding to frame and partially shelter the exterior space.
- Build a tall wall, clad in the same material as the canopy, adjacent to the east side of the renovated space to screen an existing transformer.

We anticipate these changes will improve the building's relationship with the street, encouraging greater activity and visible use than is possible in its current condition. The new porch will connect the building to the sidewalk, while remaining a distinct space of its own. We anticipate it will greatly enhance the pedestrian experience along this block. Its highly glazed exterior and well-defined forecourt will be in keeping with the character of other distinctive properties along West Main Street, such as Stacey Hall and the old Albemarle Hotel. In its current state, the building goes all but unnoticed along West Main Street. With this proposal, we hope it will contibute to the emerging vitality of this imporant corridor between UVA and downtown.

* This interim proposal is consistent with the continued active development of the city's previously approved SUP for this property.

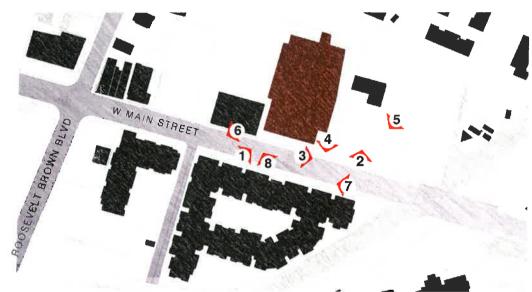












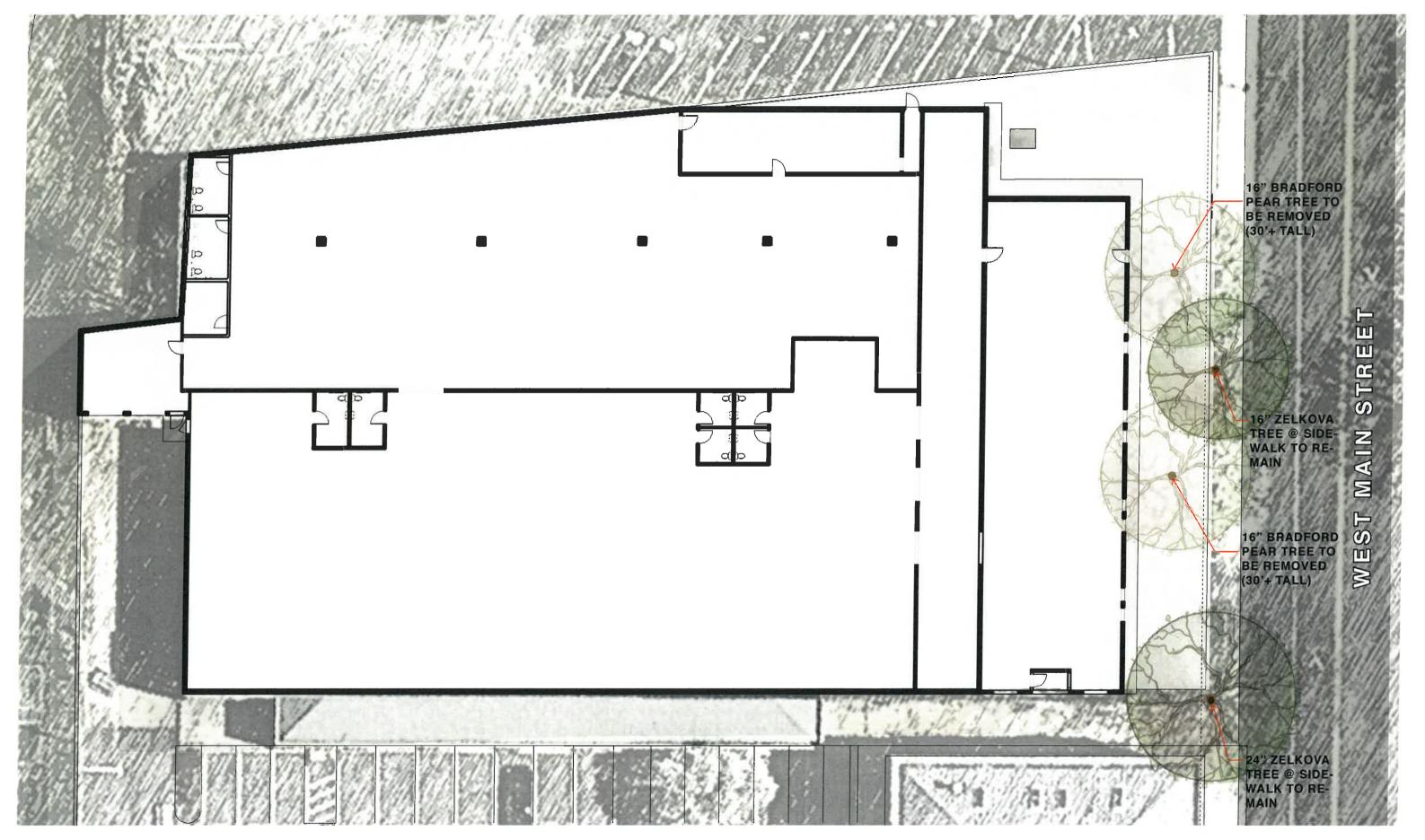






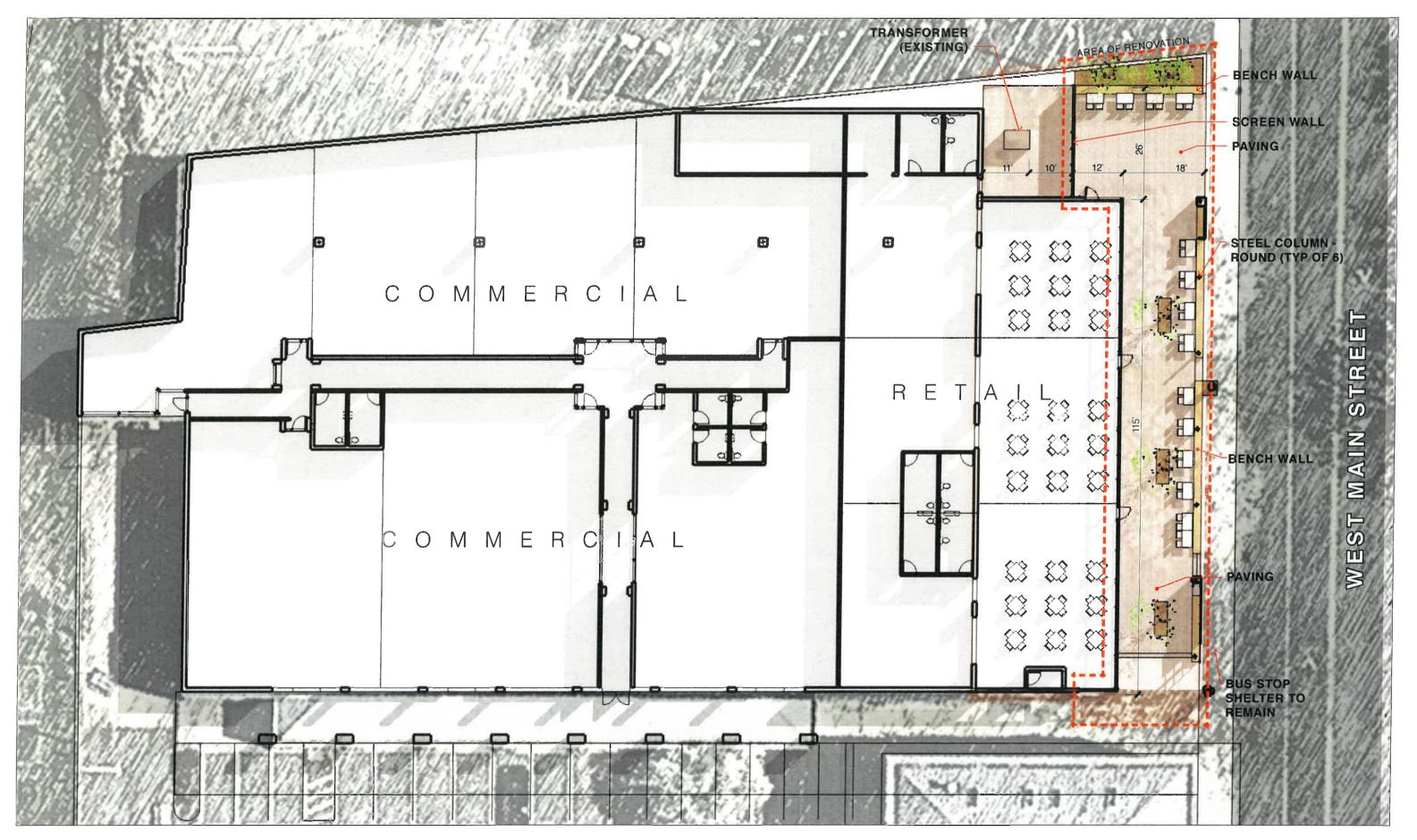


853 WEST MAIN
JULY 27, 2015

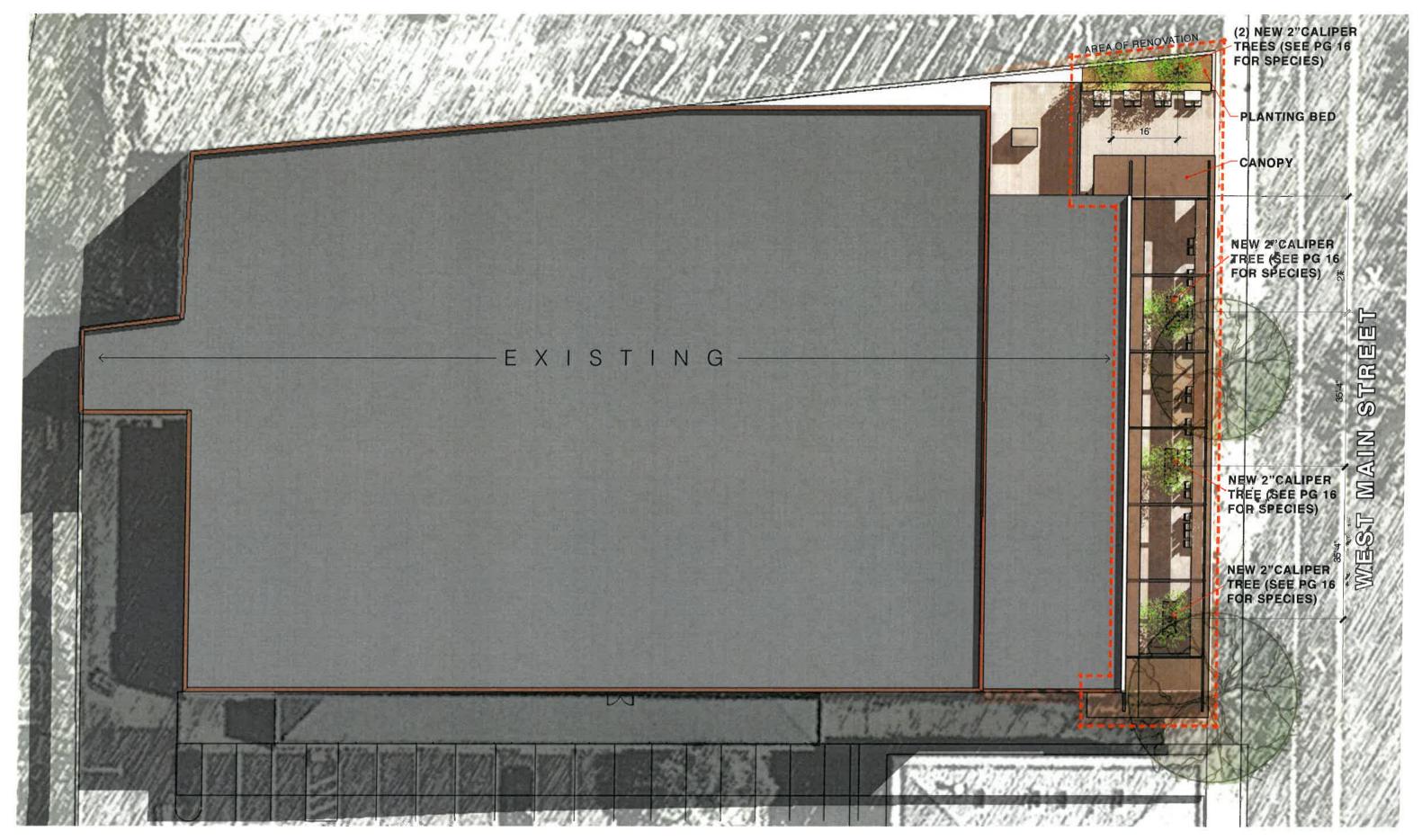


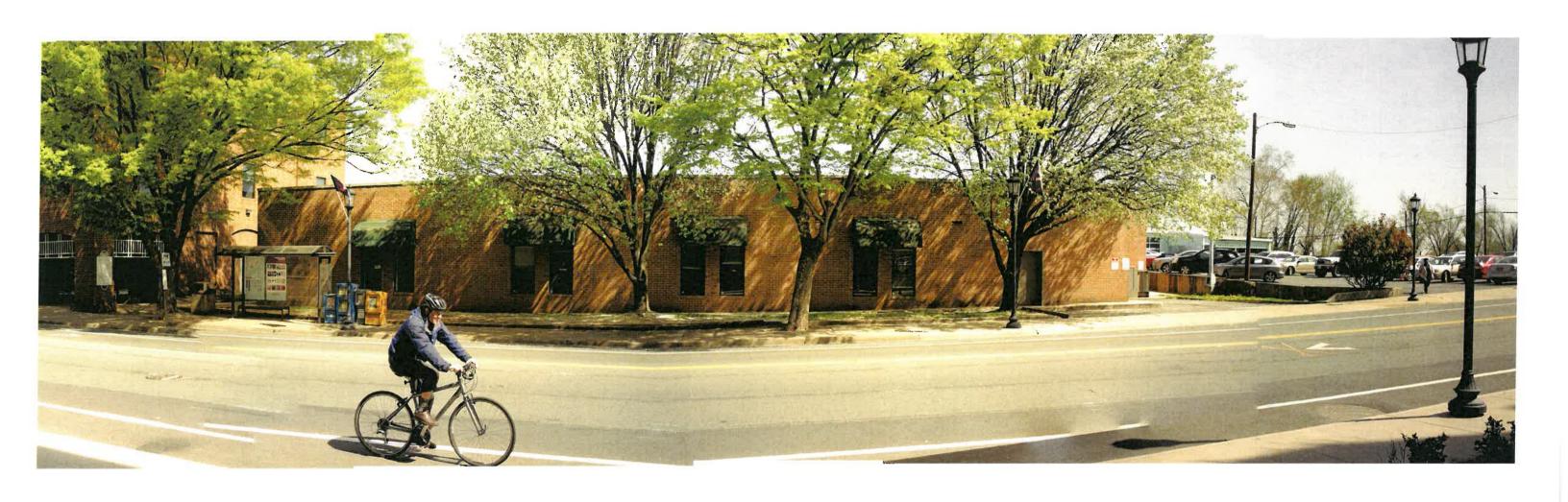
853 WEST MAIN

EXISTING PLAN

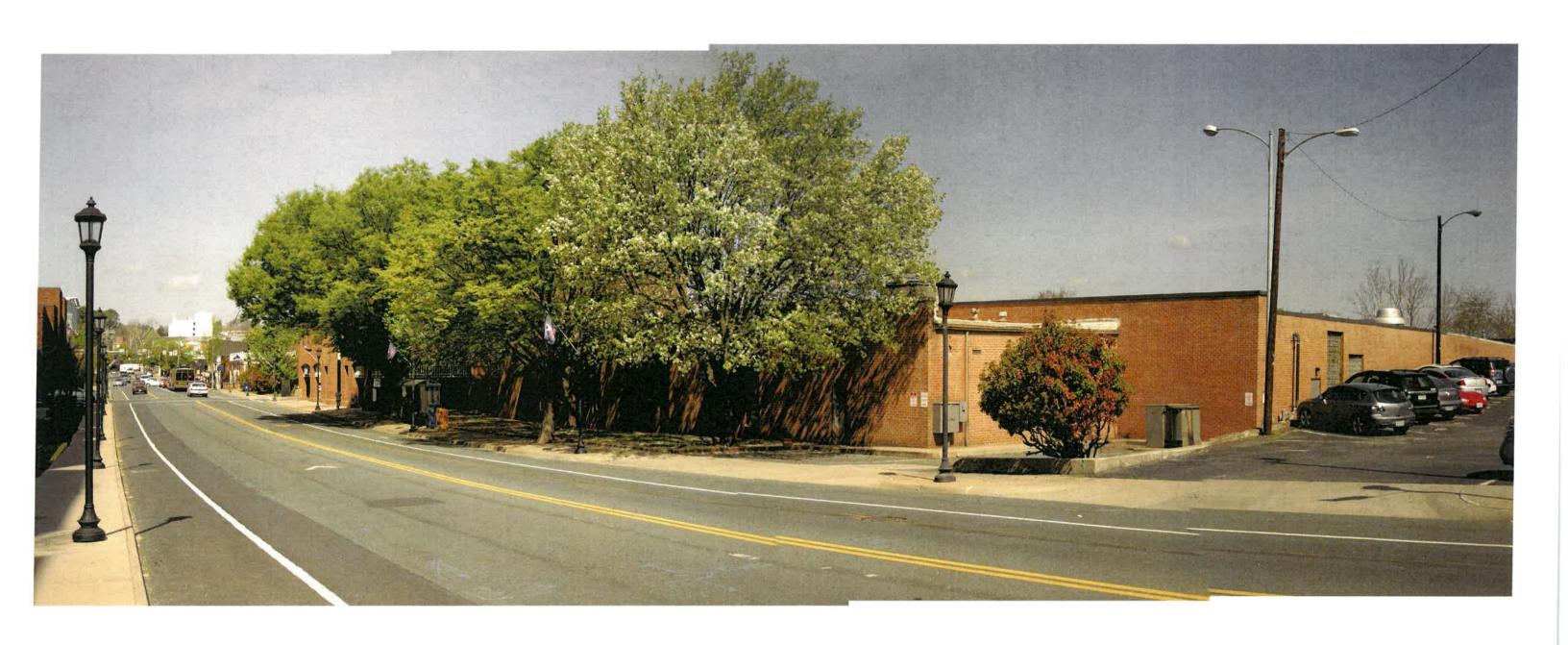


853 WEST MAIN





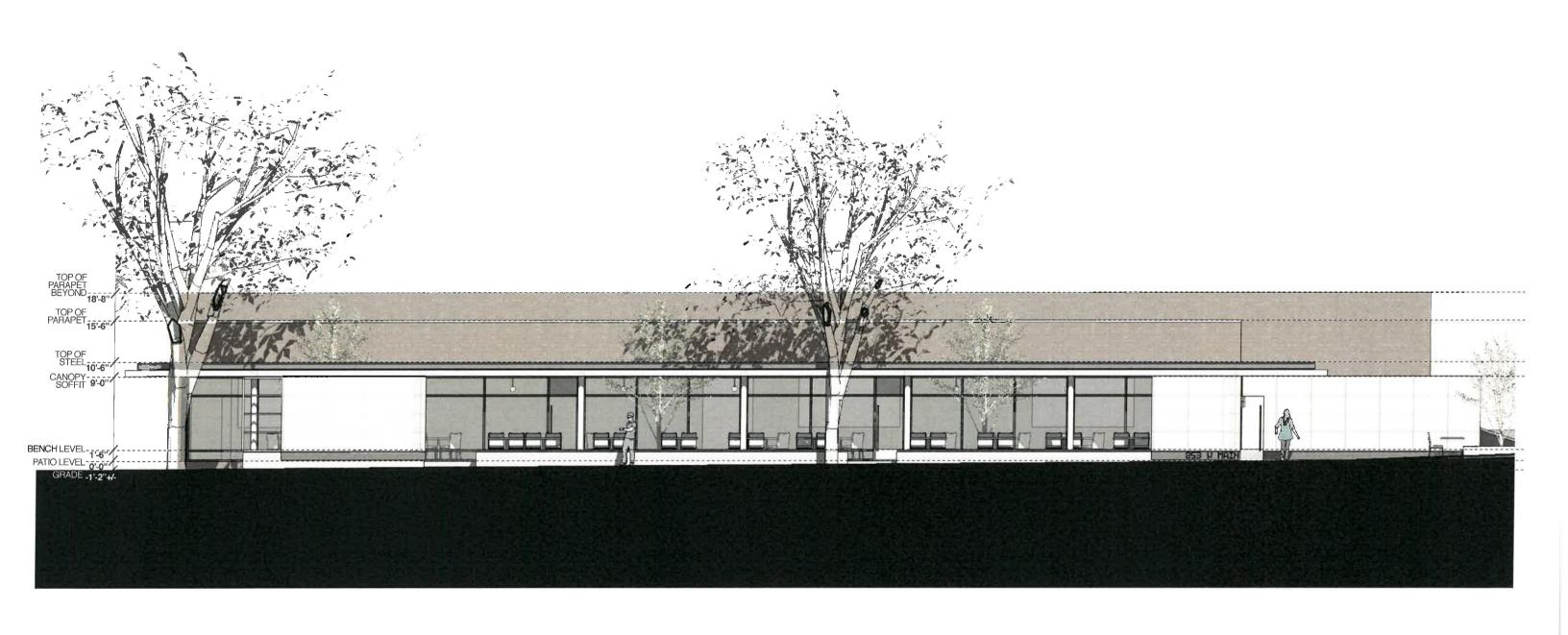


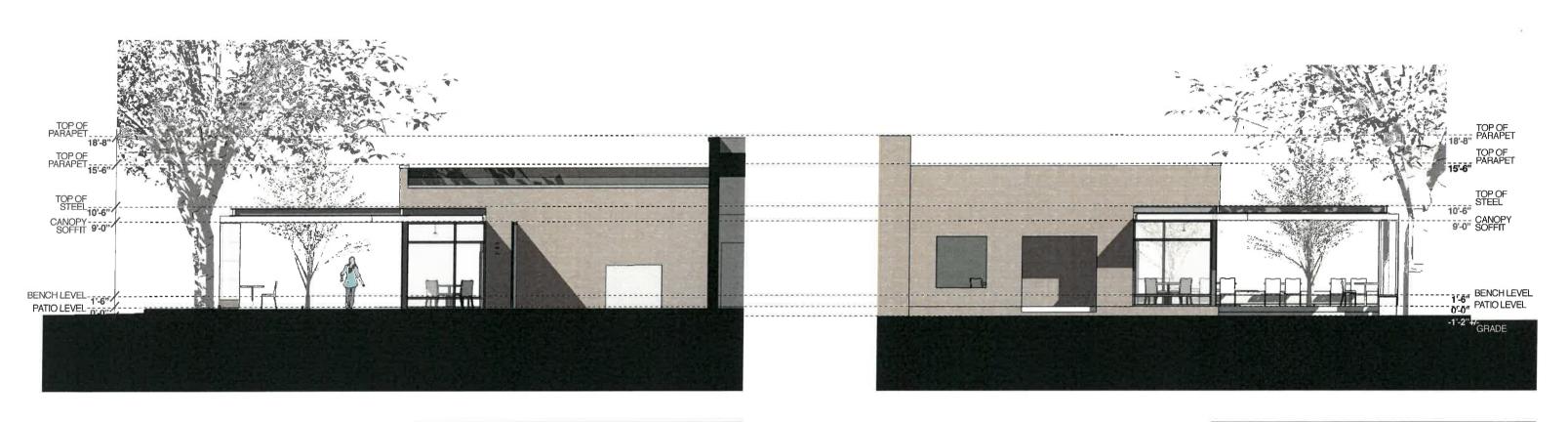
















POWDER COATED STEEL (DARK GRAY)

PERFORATED METAL PLATE
(LIGHT PAINT COLOR
OR METALLIC FINISH)





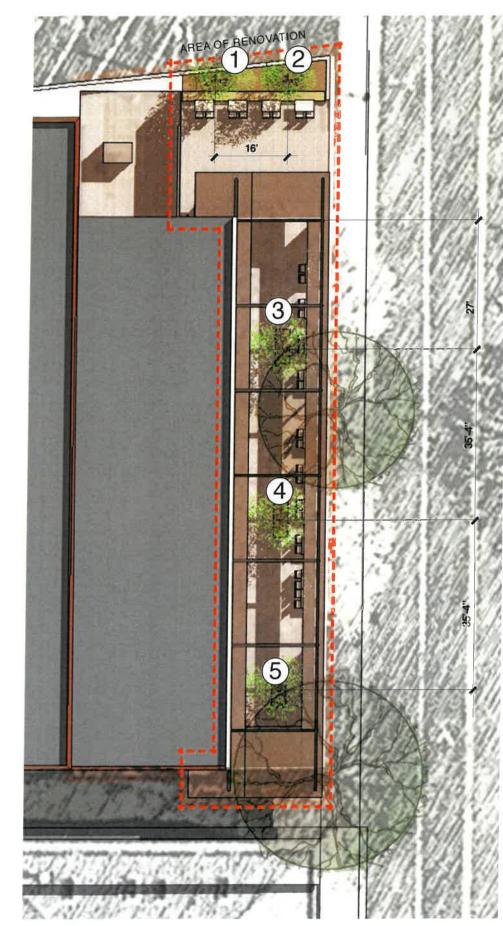
ALUM STOREFRONT (MINERAL BROWN)



WEATHERING STEEL 4



BRICK (GRAY) 5

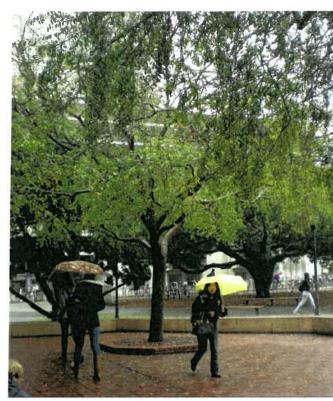






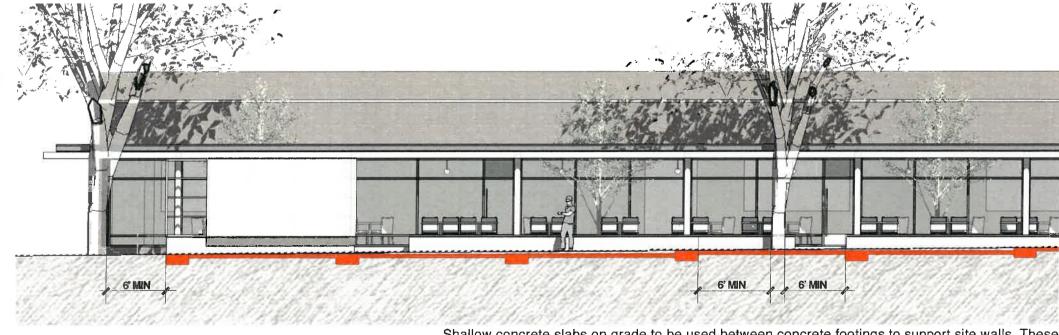


cladrastis kentukea (yellowwood)

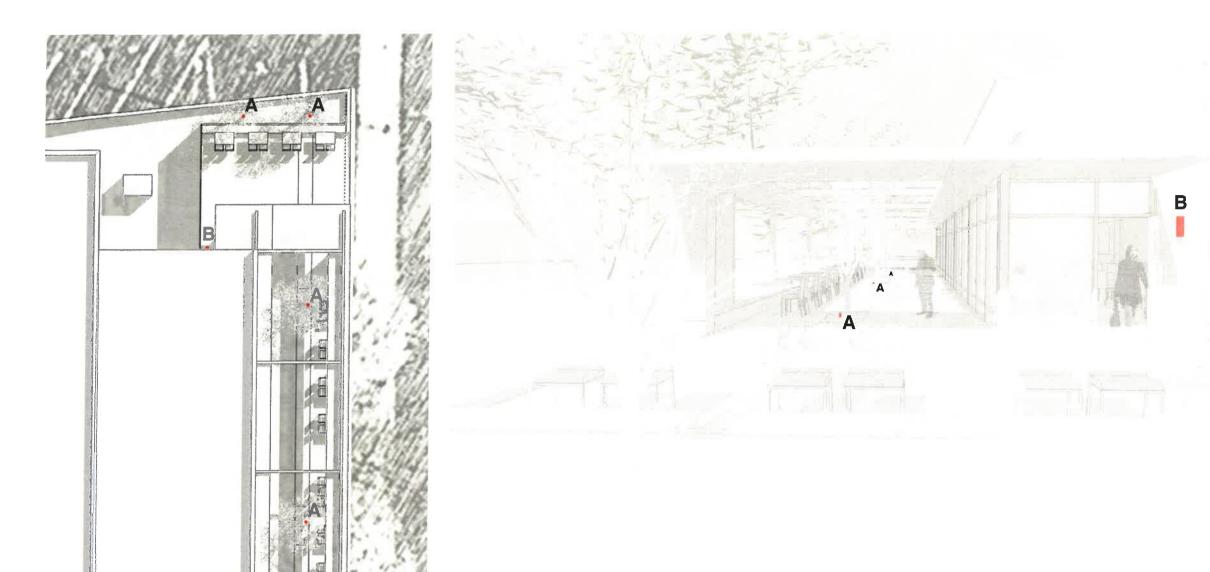


ulmus parvifolia (lacebark elm)

New trees to be one of the three species noted and pictured here



Shallow concrete slabs on grade to be used between concrete footings to support site walls. These will be kept as shallow as possible to minimize disturbance to the sidewalk Zelkova trees' root systems. Nearest edge of footings will be kept at a 6' minimum from the base of the trees.



- exterior up-light(s) at base of each new tree modest illumination, enough to light trunk + underside of leaf canopy
- exterior wall sconce at east entry (dark bronze or black finish)



LIGHTING

MITCHELL/MATTHEWS © 2015 ARCHITECTS AND URBAN PLANNERS CHARLOTTESVILLE VA 434 979 7550

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS										

Project Name	Date
Type or Model	Qty

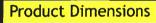
Prepared By _

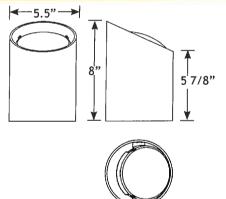
VOLT® Low Voltage Landscape Lighting Ground Hog PAR36 Well Light

Product Description

The Ground Hog Well Light is great for an assortment of uplighting applications like building, signs, tress, etc. Perfect substitution for a spotlight where an in ground fixture is desired. Low profile fixture keeps the fixture from view but results in highly effective lighting. Truly the most affordable high intensity lighting fixture on the market. Uses a standard PAR36 lamp up to 50w (without a debris cover, 35w max with a debris cover). VOLT's® Ground Hog will not disappoint!

NOTE: Open design well lights (and well lights in general) should not be installed in locations where they can become filled or covered by leaves, pine needles or debris. They should be installed in regularly maintained areas to ensure they are free and clear of debris. Failure to do so can result in dangerous overheating, premature lamp or fixture failure and even risk the possibility of a fire.





Features & Benefits

- ▶ Optional debris cover for bulb protection
- ▶ PVC tube reversible for flat or angled glare gaurd
- ▶ Stainless steel adjustable lamp holder and lens holder



Specifications

- ▶ Construction: Reversible PVC Tube
- ▶ Finish: Black
- ▶ Lead Wire: 48" (standard) or 25' (optional) 16AWG, SPT-2 (pigtails) premium tinned copper
- ▶ Glass or Lens: Clear Tempered glass
- ▶ Light Source (not included): PAR36 (LED or Halogen)
- ▶ Maximum Lamp Rating: 35W
- Operating Voltage: 12V AC
- ▶ Powered by: VOLT's Low Voltage Transformer

Warranty

VOLT Lifetime Warranty

Certifications



LISTED File #E466348



VOLT® Low Voltage Landscape Lighting Ground Hog PAR36 Well Light

Lamp Options

Item Number	Description	Power Supply Requirement	
PAR36-5W-35	LED 5W (20W Equivalent) PAR36 35° (standard)	6.72 VA	
PAR36-5W-60	LED 5W (20W Equivalent) PAR36 60° (wide)	6.72 VA	
PAR36-9W-35	LED 9W (35W Equivalent) PAR36 35° (standard)	12 VA	
PAR36-9W-60	LED 9W (35W Equivalent) PAR36 60° (wide)	12 VA	
PAR36-13W-35	LED 13W (50W Equivalent) PAR36 35° (standard)	14.4 VA	
PAR36-13W-60	LED 13W (50W Equivalent) PAR36 60° (wide)	14.4 VA	
8P3625	Halogen 20W PAR36 32° (standard)	20W	
8P3625	Halogen 35W PAR36 32° (standard)	35W	

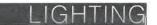
Accessories

Item Number	Description
9-500PVC-PLASTIC COVER	Debris Cover

Ordering Information Example: Order # 500-48

50	-48
Product Family	Wire Length
500 = Ground Hog	48 = 48"
PAR36 Well Light	25 = 25'

FIXTURE A



All dimensions indicated on this submittal are nominal Contact Technical Sales if you require more stringent specifications.

GreenSource InitiativeTM
Metal and packaging components are made from recycled materials. Manufactured using renewable solar energy, produced onsite. Returnable to manufacturer at end of life to ensure cradle-to-cradle handling. Packaging control of the packaging components.

Wiring
Teflon® coated, 18AWG, 600V, 250® C rated and certified to UL 1659 standard. to ensure cradle-to-cradle handling. Packaging contains no chlorofluorocarbons (CFC's). Use of this product may qualify for GreenSource efficacy and recycling rebate(s). Consult www.bklighting.com/greensource for program requirements.

Materials

Furnished in Copper-Free Aluminum (Type 6061-T6), Brass 250.13-12. (Type 360) or Stainless Steel (Type 316).

Fully machined from solid billet. Unibody design provides enclosed, water-proof wireway and integral heat sink for maximum component life. High temperature, silicone 'O' Ring provides water-tight seal.

Cap
Fully machined. Accommodates [1] lens or louver media. Choose from 45° cutoff ('A' or 'D'), 1" deep bezel with 90° cutoff ('B' or 'E'), or flush lens ('C') cap styles. 'A' and 'B' caps include weep-hole for water and debris drainage. 'D' and 'E' caps exclude weep-hole and are for interior use only. or lower individual fixture. Indexed (100% to 25% norm) lumen output.

Adjust-e-Lume® (Pat. Pending)
Int tested to IESNA LM-79. Lighting Facts Registration per USDOE (www.lightingfacts.com). ETL Listed to ANSI/UL standard 1838 and UL Subject 8750 and Certified to CAN/CSA media. Flush lens.

Shock resistant, tempered, glass lens is factory adhered to fixture cap Installation and provides hermetically sealed optical compartment. Specify soft 5" dia., machined canopy with stainless steel universal focus (#12) or rectilinear (#13) lens.

Integrated solid state system with 'e' technology is scalable for field upgrade. Modular design with electrical quick For use with 12VAC **LIGHTSIL** remote transformer.

B-K LIGHTING

Integral, constant current driver. 12VAC/VDC input. 50/60Hz. Tamper-resistant, stainless steel hardware. Canopy mounting Proprietary input control scheme achieves power factor screws are additionally black oxide treated for additional correction and eliminates inrush current. Output, over-voltage, open-circuit, and short circuit protected. Inrush current limited to <1A (non-dimming). Conforms to Safety Std. C22.2 No.

Line dimmable. For use with low voltage dimmer with components prior to application of Class 'A' TGIC polyester dedicated neutral conductor. Minimum 25 watt load required powder coating. Brass components are available in powder

Interchangeable OPTIKIT™ modules permit field changes to optical distribution. Color-coded for easy reference: Narrow Warranty
Spot (NSP) = Red. Spot (SP) = Green. Medium Flood (MFL) = 5 year limited warranty. Yellow, Wide Flood (WFL) = Blue.

conditions require. Specify factory preset output intensity.

mounting ring permits mounting to 4" octagonal junction

40429 Brickyard Drive • Madera, CA 93636 • USA

SUBMITTAL DATE 559.438.5800 • FAX 559.438.5900 www.bklighting.com • info@bklighting.com 1-8-14

corrosion resistance.

Maintains output at desired level or may be changed as Standard C22.2 No. 9. RoHs compliant. Suitable for indoor or outdoor use. Suitable for use in wet locations. IP66 Rated.

StarGuard*, our exclusive RoHs compliant, 15 stage chromate-free process cleans and conversion coats aluminum

coat or handcrafted metal finish. Stainless steel components are available in handcrafted metal finish. (Brushed finish for

USA lighting RoHS∜

*Teflon is a registered trademark of DuPont Corporatio *Energy Star is a registered trademark of the United Star

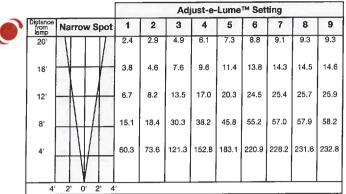
DRAWING NUMBER

SUB000943

adiust . Lume

Photometry for use with e2:

TECHNOLOGY



Note: If using No. 11 honeycomb baffle multiply footcandle values by .80

									Adjust-e-Lume™ Setting								
9	Distance from lamp	Spot				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			
	20'	1						1	1.6	2.1	3.1	4.1	4.9	6.0	6.1	6.2	6.3
	16'		+		\vdash				2.5	3.3	4.9	6.4	7.6	9.3	9.6	9.8	9.9
	12'		_	\vdash			-		4.5	5.9	8.7	11.4	13.5	16.6	17.0	17.3	17.5
	8'			1					10.2	13.2	19.5	25.6	30.5	37.3	38.3	39.0	39.4
	4'								40.6	52.7	78.1	102.3	121.9	149.1	153.1	156.0	157.8
						<u>/_</u>											
- 1	8'	8' 6' 4' 2' 0' 2' 4' 6' 8'															

Note: If using No. 11 honeycomb baffle multiply footcandle values by .80

Select OptiKit™ for desired distribution



Set adjust-e-lume™ Dial to desired output



FIXTURE **B**