From: Scala, Mary Joy

Sent: Thursday, January 21, 2016 11:02 AM

To: Hunt, Richard

Subject: BAR Action Jan 19, 2016 -610 Ridge Street

January 20, 2016

L Juanita Jones 10902 Oakwood St Silver Spring, MD 20901

RE: Certificate of Appropriateness Application

BAR 16-01-02
610 Ridge Street

Tax Parcel 290263000

L Juanita and Ruth L Jones, Owners/ City of Charlottesville, Applicant

Necessary remediation for blighted property

Dear Applicant,

The above referenced project was discussed before a meeting of the City of Charlottesville Board of Architectural Review (BAR) on January 19, 2015. The following action was taken:

Graves moved to find the proposed remediation plan construction drawings satisfy the BAR's criteria and are compatible with this property and other properties in the Ridge Street ADC District and that the BAR approves the application as submitted. Sarafin seconded. The motion passed (8-0)

This certificate of appropriateness shall expire in 18 months (July 19, 2017), unless within that time period you have either: been issued a building permit for construction of the improvements if one is required, or if no building permit is required, commenced the project. The expiration date may differ if the COA is associated with a valid site plan. You may request an extension of the certificate of appropriateness before this approval expires for one additional year for reasonable cause.

If you have any questions, please contact me at 434-970-3130 or scala@charlottesville.org.

Sincerely yours,

Mary Joy Scala, AICP Preservation and Design Planner

Mary Joy Scala, AICP
Preservation and Design Planner
City of Charlottesville
Department of Neighborhood Development Services
City Hall – 610 East Market Street
P.O. Box 911
Charlottesville, VA 22902
Ph 434.970.3130 FAX 434.970.3359
scala@charlottesville.org

CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE BOARD OF ARCHITECTURAL REVIEW STAFF REPORT January 19, 2016



Certificate of Appropriateness Application BAR 16-01-02 610 Ridge Street

Tax Parcel 290263000

L Juanita and Ruth L Jones, Owners/ City of Charlottesville, Applicant

Necessary remediation for blighted property

Background

610 Ridge Street, built c. 1894, is a contributing property in the Ridge Street ADC District and in the Ridge Street National Register District. (Historic survey attached)

<u>January 20, 2015</u> - The BAR, at its meeting on January 20, 2015, unanimously (7-0) recommended to City Council that the proposed plan to acquire this blighted property, to repair it and to offer it for sale, is appropriate, and the BAR recommends the proposed plan, with the usual BAR review and approval of any future proposed exterior changes to the building or property.

<u>February 17, 2015</u> – City Council determined 610 Ridge Street to be a blighted property.

May 19, 2015 – The BAR had a preliminary discussion. The BAR wants to see the building stabilized without adversely affecting it (nothing irreversible). They want the contractor or person doing the maintenance work to first come to the BAR so they can sign off on the specific plans. They were not in favor of removing the Philadelphia gutters. They did not want the City to remove the rear additions. They suggested removing only rotted wood and damaged stucco, then "button it up" with plywood and paint it. They agreed with addressing water issues first. They did not want trim replaced unless it is replicated.

<u>September 21, 2015</u> – City Council accepted the Blight Remediation Plan (attached) and allocated funding.

Application

The City's Property Maintenance Division has been working to reach a good resolution of the issues at this property. Phase One of the Council-approved Remediation Plan focuses on stabilizing the building to prevent demolition by neglect. Phase Two would be acquisition of the property.

Following City Council's acceptance of the Remediation Plan, Property Maintenance staff contracted with Train Architects to prepare construction documents for the BAR's review.

Rear porch: The rear porch on north side will not be demolished as originally discussed. Instead, the roof framing and metal roof will be replaced, and the porch structure will be shored up.

Roof and gutter system: The entire roof and Philadelphia gutters will be removed and replaced. The proposed new roof is 26 gauge Galvalume standing seam metal with 17.25" pan width and 1" seam height.

Chimneys: The main chimney will be repaired and rebuilt to the existing configuration, with brick and mortar to match existing. The rear chimney will be removed.

Stucco repair: Two larger areas of loose plaster will be removed and replaced with painted plywood. Small cracks will be filled and sealed.

Windows: Front façade windows will be repaired. All other windows will be covered with painted plywood. Storm windows will be stored in basement.

Painting: All new and existing trim, cornices, soffits, handrails, fascia, pickets, columns, doors and windows will be painted.

Criteria, Standards, and Guidelines

Review Criteria Generally

Sec. 34-284(b) of the City Code states that,

In considering a particular application the BAR shall approve the application unless it finds:

- (1) That the proposal does not meet specific standards set forth within this division or applicable provisions of the Design Guidelines established by the board pursuant to Sec.34-288(6); and
- (2) The proposal is incompatible with the historic, cultural or architectural character of the district in which the property is located or the protected property that is the subject of the application.

Pertinent Standards for Review of Construction and Alterations include:

- (1) Whether the material, texture, color, height, scale, mass and placement of the proposed addition, modification or construction are visually and architecturally compatible with the site and the applicable design control district;
- (2) The harmony of the proposed change in terms of overall proportion and the size and placement of entrances, windows, awnings, exterior stairs and signs;
- (3) The Secretary of the Interior Standards for Rehabilitation set forth within the Code of Federal Regulations (36 C.F.R. §67.7(b)), as may be relevant;
- (4) The effect of the proposed change on the historic district neighborhood;
- (5) The impact of the proposed change on other protected features on the property, such as gardens, landscaping, fences, walls and walks;
- (6) Whether the proposed method of construction, renovation or restoration could have an adverse impact on the structure or site, or adjacent buildings or structures;
- (8) Any applicable provisions of the City's Design Guidelines.

Pertinent Guidelines for Rehabilitation include:

C. WINDOWS

Windows add light to the interior of a building, provide ventilation, and allow a visual link to the outside. They also play a major part in defining a building's particular style. Because of the wide variety of architectural styles and periods of construction within the districts, there is a corresponding variation of styles, types, and sizes of windows.

Windows are one of the major character-defining features on buildings and can be varied by different designs of sills, panes, sashes, lintels, decorative caps, and shutters. They may occur in regular intervals or in asymmetrical patterns. Their size may highlight various bay divisions in the building. All of the windows may be the same or there may be a variety of types that give emphasis to certain parts of the building.

- Prior to any repair or replacement of windows, a survey of existing window conditions is recommended. Note number of windows, whether each window is original or replaced, the material, type, hardware and finish, the condition of the frame, sash, sill, putty, and panes.
- 2) Retain original windows when possible.
- 3) Uncover and repair covered up windows and reinstall windows where they have been blocked in.
- 4) If the window is no longer needed, the glass should be retained and the back side frosted, screened, or shuttered so that it appears from the outside to be in use.
- 5) Repair original windows by patching, splicing, consolidating or otherwise reinforcing. Wood that appears to be in bad condition because of peeling paint or separated joints often can be repaired.
- 6) Replace historic components of a window that are beyond repair with matching components.
- 7) Replace entire windows only when they are missing or beyond repair.
- 8) If a window on the primary façade of a building must be replaced and an existing window of the same style, material, and size is identified on a secondary elevation, place the historic window in the window opening on the primary façade.
- 9) Reconstruction should be based on physical evidence or old photographs.
- 10) Avoid changing the number, location, size, or glazing pattern of windows by cutting new openings, blocking in windows, or installing replacement sash that does not fit the window opening.
- 11) Do not use inappropriate materials or finishes that radically change the sash, depth of reveal, muntin configuration, reflective quality or color of the glazing, or appearance of the frame.
- 12) Use replacement windows with true divided lights or interior and exterior fixed muntins with internal spacers to replace historic or original examples.
- 13) If windows warrant replacement, appropriate material for new windows depends upon the context of the building within a historic district, and the age and design of the building. Sustainable materials such as wood, aluminum-clad wood, solid fiberglass, and metal windows are preferred. Vinyl windows are discouraged.
- 14) False muntins and internal removable grilles do not present an historic appearance and should not be used.
- 15) Do not use tinted or mirrored glass on major facades of the building. Translucent or low (e) glass may be strategies to keep heat gain down.
- 16) Storm windows should match the size and shape of the existing windows and the original sash configuration. Special shapes, such as arched top storms, are available.
- 17) Storm windows should not damage or obscure the windows and frames.
- 18) Avoid aluminum-colored storm sash. It can be painted an appropriate color if it is first primed with a zinc chromate primer.
- 19) The addition of shutters may be appropriate if not previously installed but if compatible with the style of the building or neighborhood.
- 20) In general, shutters should be wood (rather than metal or vinyl) and should be mounted on hinges. In some circumstances, appropriately dimensioned, painted, composite material shutters may be used.
- 21) The size of the shutters should result in their covering the window opening when closed.
- 22) Avoid shutters on composite or bay windows.
- 23) If using awnings, ensure that they align with the opening being covered.
- 24) Use awning colors that are compatible with the colors of the building.

D. ENTRANCES, PORCHES, AND DOORS

Entrances and porches are often the primary focal points of a historic building. Their decoration and articulation help define the style of the structure. Entrances are functional and ceremonial elements for all buildings. Porches have traditionally been a social gathering point as well as a transition area between the exterior and interior of a residence.

The important focal point of an entrance or porch is the door. Doors are often a character-defining feature of the architectural style of a building. The variety of door types in the districts reflects the variety of styles, particularly of residential buildings.

1. The original details and shape of porches should be retained including the outline, roof height, and roof pitch.

- 2. Inspect masonry, wood, and metal or porches and entrances for signs of rust, peeling paint, wood deterioration, open joints around frames, deteriorating putty, inadequate caulking, and improper drainage, and correct any of these conditions.
- 3. Repair damaged elements, matching the detail of the existing original fabric.
- 4. Replace an entire porch only if it is too deteriorated to repair or is completely missing, and design to match the original as closely as possible.
- 5. Do not strip entrances and porches of historic material and details.
- 6. Give more importance to front or side porches than to utilitarian back porches.
- 7. Do not remove or radically change entrances and porches important in defining the building's overall historic character.
- 8. Avoid adding decorative elements incompatible with the existing structure.
- 9. In general, avoid adding a new entrance to the primary facade, or facades visible from the street.
- 10. Do not enclose porches on primary elevations and avoid enclosing porches on secondary elevations in a manner that radically changes the historic appearance.
- 11. Provide needed barrier-free access in ways that least alter the features of the building.
 - a. For residential buildings, try to use ramps that are removable or portable rather than permanent.
 - b. On nonresidential buildings, comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act while minimizing the visual impact of ramps that affect the appearance of a building.
- 12. The original size and shape of door openings should be maintained.
- 13. Original door openings should not be filled in.
- 14. When possible, reuse hardware and locks that are original or important to the historical evolution of the building.
- 15. Avoid substituting the original doors with stock size doors that do not fit the opening properly or are not compatible with the style of the building.
- 16. Retain transom windows and sidelights.
- 17. When installing storm or screen doors, ensure that they relate to the character of the existing door.
 - a. They should be a simple design where lock rails and stiles are similar in placement and size.
 - b. Avoid using aluminum colored storm doors.
 - c. If the existing storm door is aluminum, consider painting it to match the existing door.
 - d. Use a zinc chromate primer before painting to ensure adhesion.

G. ROOF

- 1) When replacing a standing seam metal roof, the width of the pan and the seam height should be consistent with the original. Ideally, the seams would be hand crimped.
- 2) If pre-painted standing seam metal roof material is permitted, commercial-looking ridge caps or ridge vents are not appropriate on residential structures.
- 3) Original roof pitch and configuration should be maintained.
- 4) The original size and shape of dormers should be maintained.
- 5) Dormers should not be introduced on visible elevations where none existed originally.
- 6) Retain elements, such as chimneys, skylights, and light wells that contribute to the style and character of the building.
- 7) When replacing a roof, match original materials as closely as possible.
 - a. Avoid, for example, replacing a standing-seam metal roof with asphalt shingles, as this would dramatically alter the building's appearance.
 - b. Artificial slate is an acceptable substitute when replacement is needed.
 - c. Do not change the appearance or material of parapet coping.
- 8) Place solar collectors and antennae on non-character defining roofs or roofs of non-historic adjacent buildings.
- 9) Do not add new elements, such as vents, skylights, or additional stories that would be visible on the primary elevations of the building.

H. MASONRY

Masonry includes brick, stone, terra cotta, concrete, stucco, and mortar. Masonry is used on cornices, pediments, lintels, sills, and decorative features, as well as for wall surfaces. Color, texture, mortar joint type,

and patterns of the masonry help define the overall character of a building. Brick is used for the construction of building walls, retaining walls, fencing, and chimneys.

- 1) Retain masonry features, such as walls, brackets, railings, cornices, window surrounds, pediments, steps, and columns that are important in defining the overall character of the building.
- 2) When repairing or replacing a masonry feature, respect the size, texture, color, and pattern of masonry units, as well as mortar joint size and tooling.
- 3) When repointing masonry, duplicate mortar strength, composition, color, and texture.
 - a. Do not repoint with mortar that is stronger than the original mortar and the brick itself.
 - b. Do not repoint with a synthetic caulking compound.
- 4) Repoint to match original joints and retain the original joint width.
- 5) Do not paint unpainted masonry.

Discussion and Recommendation

Property Maintenance staff did an excellent job working through the process and having good drawings prepared.

Suggested Motion

Having considered the standards set forth within the City Code, including City Design Guidelines for Rehabilitation, I move to find the proposed remediation plan construction drawings satisfy the BAR's criteria and are compatible with this property and other properties in the Ridge Street ADC District and that the BAR approves the application as submitted.



WEST (FRONT)



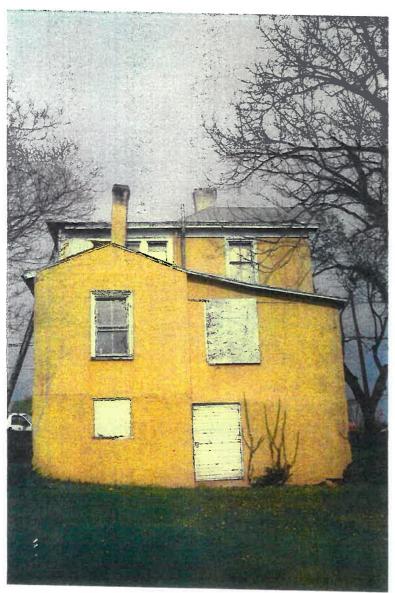
NORTH



NORTH



SOUTH (WEST)



EAST (REAR)



GLEASON-RHODES HOUSE



610 Ridge Street

29-263

STREET ADDRESS:
MAP & PARCEL:
VDHR FILE NUMBER:
CITY FILE NUMBER:
PRESENT ZONING:
ORIGINAL OWNER:
ORIGINAL USE:
PRESENT USE:
PRESENT OWNER:
ADDRESS:

HISTORIC NAME:
DATE/PERIOD:
STYLE:
HEIGHT IN STORIES:
DIMENSIONS AND LAND AREA:
CONDITION:
SURVEYOR:
DATE OF SURVEY:
SOURCES:

104-25-34 680 R-3 John J. Gleason Rental Property (Residence) Rental Property (Residence) L. Juanita Jones and Ruth L. Jones c/o Wesley Jones 524 Ridge Street Charlottesville, VA Gleason-Rhodes House c. 1894 Vernacular two stories 60' x 170' (10,200 sq. ft.) Good Bibb/Pres. Assoc. of VA (Smead) 1993 City/County Records Sanborn Map Co. - 1920

Charlottesville City Directories

GLEASON-RHODES HOUSE

ARCHITECTURAL DESCRIPTION

This 2-story, 2-bay, stucco vernacular house has a gable roof covered with standing-seam metal, with projecting gabled bays at the northeast end of the front facade, and at the rear or southeast end of the northeast wall. The house appears to have a side passage configuration, with a transomed entrance in the front facade's southwest bay. There is a one-story, gabled rear ell, with a shed-roofed section on its northeast side that was originally a porch. The windows are two-over-two double-hung sash, except for a six-light metal-frame casement window in the rear ell's shed-roofed section, and eight adjoining one-over-one double-hung wood sash windows in the southeast corner of the second floor, lighting what appears to be a sleeping porch. The house has a boxed cornice with enclosed gutters, creating a level lip at the roof's edges. There are frieze boards below the cornice, and small, round decorative vents in the gables. A one-story, three-bay, hip-roofed porch fronts the house, which has slightly tapered square wood posts with caps, and a railing with square wood balusters. There is a large interior chimney of brick with a corbelled cap. The house stands on a small, sloped lot and has a raised rear foundation that is stuccoed. A small, one-story, flat-roofed concrete block structure stands in the backyard northeast of the house.

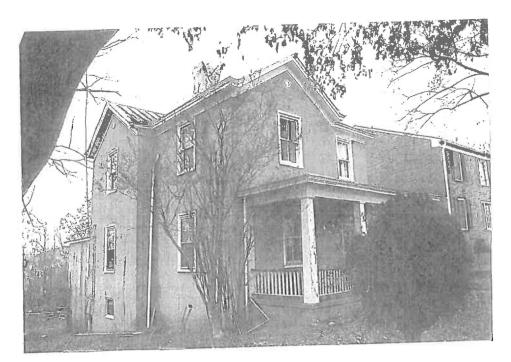
HISTORICAL DESCRIPTION

This house was built by John J. Gleason, who lived in the Fitch-Gleason House at 528 Ridge Street. It stands at the southern edge of that 9 2/3-acre tract, which he had purchased in 1880 (ACDB 83-100). Tax records indicate that this house was probably built c. 1894. Just before his death in 1907, Gleason sold this house to his daughter Mattie Gleason Matthews (City DB 18-227). The following year, she and her husband J. C. Matthews bought the Bibb-Wolfe House at 505 Ridge Street and sold this house to Charles T. Rhodes, et al, who owned it until 1943 (DB 20-9, 22-335, 46-341, 49-110, 113-231). The house was divided into two apartments many years ago and has been used as rental property over much of the last century. The back porch was enclosed in 1955. Tax records suggest that the walls were originally weatherboarded and were covered with stucco sometime about mid-century.

Additional Records: City DB 199-285; WB 9-232, 10-179; DB 260-308.

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Gleason-Rhodes House represents an example of a late-nineteenth-century vernacular house, with the irregular form and gabled projecting bays associated with the Queen Anne style. In form and scale it is akin to other houses of the period in the District, and it stands in a prominent location near the intersection of Ridge Street, Fifth Street, Cherry Avenue, and Elliot Avenue.







Date	11/26/93	File No. 104 - 25 - 34
Name	Gleason-Rhodes	House, 610 Pides H.
Town	Ody of Charlet .	ovike
County_		
Photogra	apher Susan E. E	Smead
Contents	2 exteriors -	- house
	1 exterior - he	ouse & Connect Llock-
outb	ilding: Lextur	or sheds



Board of Architectural Review (BAR) Certificate of Appropriateness

Please Return To: City of Charlottesville

Department of Neighborhood Development Services

P.O. Box 911, City Hall Charlottesville, Virginia 22902

Telephone (434) 970-3130 Fax (434) 970-3359

Please submit ten (10) copies of application form and all attachments.

For a new construction project, please include \$375 application fee. For all other projects requiring BAR approval, please include \$125 application fee. For projects that require only administrative approval, please include \$100 administrative fee. Make checks payable to the City of Charlottesville.

The BAR meets the third Tuesday of the month.

Deadline for submittals is Tuesday 3 weeks prior to next BAR meeting by 3:30 p.m.

	Applicant Name Richard Hont - City of Ci	ville			
Project Name/Description 610 Roge Street Sta					
Property Address 610 Ridge St, Charlo	ottesville, VA 82902				
Applicant Information Address: City Hall Po Box 911 Charlottes ville VA 22902 Email: Nuntrile Charlottes ville org Phone: (W) 434 970-3738 (H) FAX: 970-3359 Property Owner Information (if not applicant) Address: 10902 Oakwood St Silver Spring Mi) 20901 Email: Phone: (W) (H) 301 593 7043 FAX:	Signature of Applicant I hereby attest that the information I have provided is, to the best of my knowledge, correct. (Signature also denotes commitment to pay invoice for required mail notices.) Signature Date Lichard Hunt 12/10/15 Print Name Date Property Owner Permission (if not applicant) I have read this application and hereby give my consent to its submission.	_			
Do you intend to apply for Federal or State Tax Credits for this project?	Signature Date	-			
	Print Name Date				
Description of Proposed Work (attach separate narrative if necessary): On February 17, 2015 Charlottesville lity Council determined the above property to be a "blighted property." The attached drowings show recessary responsements to prevent further delections from. List All Attachments (see reverse side for submittal requirements): Ordinance Resolution, stabilization drawings, Stabilization plan					
For Office Use Only	Approved/Disapproved by: Board of Architectural	- Review			
Received by:					
Fee paid:Cash/Ck. #	Date: January 19 2016 Conditions of approval: As submitted				
Date Received:	Remediation Plan Construction Mawor dated 21 December 2015	S			

HISTORIC DISTRICT ORDINANCE: For more information, please refer to Section 34- 271 Historical Preservation and Architectural Design Control Overlay Districts in the City of Charlottesville Zoning Ordinance online at www.charlottesville.org

DESIGN REVIEW GUIDELINES: You may obtain a copy of the current *Design Review Guidelines* at the Department of Neighborhood Development Services in City Hall.

SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS: The following information and exhibits shall be submitted along with each application for Certificate of Appropriateness, per Sec. 34-282 (d) in the City of Charlottesville Zoning Ordinance:

- (1) Detailed and clear depictions of any proposed changes in the exterior features of the subject property;
- (2) Photographs of the subject property and photographs of the buildings on contiguous properties;
- (3) Samples to show the nature, texture and color of materials proposed;
- (4) The history of an existing building or structure, if requested;
- (5) For new construction and projects proposing expansion of the footprint of an existing building: a three-dimensional model (in physical or digital form);
- (6) In the case of a demolition request where structural integrity is at issue, the applicant shall provide a structural evaluation and cost estimates for rehabilitation, prepared by a professional engineer, unless waived by the BAR.

ORDINANCE TO DECLARE THE PROPERTY LOCATED AT 610 RIDGE STREET A BLIGHTED PROPERTY

WHEREAS, on October 27, 2014 the Director of Neighborhood Development Services made a preliminary determination ("Director's Determination") that the property located at 610 Ridge Street, further described on City Tax Map 29 as Parcel 263 ("Property") is a blighted property; and

WHEREAS, notice of the Director's Determination was provided to the owner of the Property in accordance with the requirements of Sec. 5-193 of the Code of the City of Charlottesville ("City Code") and Sec. 36-49.1:1(B) of the Virginia Code, and the owner failed to respond with a reasonable plan to cure the blight; and

WHEREAS, the Director requested the City's Planning Commission to conduct a public hearing and make findings and recommendations concerning the repair or other disposition of the Property in question, in accordance with Sec. 5-193 of the City Code, and the Planning Commission conducted the public hearing on January 13, 2015, following notice to the public and to the owner as required by Sec. 5-194 of the City Code; and

WHEREAS, following the January 13, 2015 public hearing, the Planning Commission made a finding that the Property is a blighted property, as defined within Sec. 5-192 of the City Code, and adopted the other findings, as required by City Code Sec, 5-195, and the Planning Commission's findings and recommendations are set forth within a Resolution adopted on January 13, 2015; and

WHEREAS, Council conducted a public hearing on this Ordinance on February 2, 2015 after advertised notice as required by Sec. 5-196 of the City Code, and Council has considered all of the information, facts, data and recommendations presented; and now,

THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED that the Charlottesville City Council hereby finds and declares the Property located at 610 Ridge Street to be a "blighted property," as that term is defined within Sec. 5-192 of the City Code. The Director of Neighborhood Development Services is authorized, on behalf of this Council, to acquire the property as authorized by Virginia Code Sec. 36-49.1:1(A).

Approved by Council February 17, 2015

Clerk of Council

RESOLUTION APPROVAL OF 610 RIDGE STREET BLIGHT REMEDIATION PLAN AND ALLOCATION OF FUNDING \$125,000

WHEREAS, the City of Charlottesville approved a designation of blight for 610 Ridge Street on February 17, 2015; and

WHEREAS, a Blight Remediation Plan has been prepared to address removal of blighting conditions as well as acquisition of the property in the future; and

WHEREAS, in order to move forward with phase 1 of the Blight Remediation Plan, approval of \$125,000 is required.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED by the Council of the City of Charlottesville, Virginia, that:

- 1. The Blight Remediation Plan for 610 Ridge Street, as amended by Council, is accepted.
- 2. The sum of \$125,000 is transferred as follows from the Capital Improvement Program Contingency Account:

Transfer From

\$125,000

Fund: 426

Project: CP-080

G/L Account: 599999

Transfer To

\$125,000

Fund: 426

Project: P-00886

G/L Account: 599999

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that if the City acquires title to the property subsequent to remediation of the blight issues, staff will solicit comments from the Ridge Street neighborhood on the potential uses of the property, and report back to City Council with an evaluation of alternatives for development of the property.

Approved by City Council September 21, 2015

Barbara K. Ronan

Acting Clerk of Council

Subject Property Address: 610 Ridge Street, Charlottesville, VA 22902

Declaration of Blight: City Council Ordinance, adopted 2/17/2015

Background Information

The process of Spot Blight Abatement is authorized pursuant to state law, Virginia Code §36-49.1:1. Previously, in February 2015, City Council adopted an ordinance declaring the Subject Property to be a blighted property, and authorized the NDS Director to take action to acquire the property. However, during the period since the Blight Declaration, staff has had no success in establishing a line of communication with the property owners in order to discuss a proposed acquisition, and [as yet] staff has no source of funding for an acquisition.

At this time, staff requests City Council to approve a Blight Remediation Plan, as authorized pursuant to Virginia Code § 36-49.1:1(D). If certain work can be done to stabilize this building, it is still possible that the building can be saved from the fate of "demolition by neglect." Staff's recommendation is that the City take remedial action to stabilize the property, and then identify a source of funding for a possible acquisition at the end of FY 16 or early in FY17.

Staff recommends that the proposed remediation and staging plan for 610 Ridge Street should be carried out in two phases. The initial phase (Phase One) will focus on protecting and preserving the existing building. The action items associated with this phase would include identification of the immediate threat of deterioration of roof structure and stucco siding due to water damage, and the exterior repairs required to impede further deterioration of siding. If the owner continues to remain unavailable to participate with the remediation effort, Phase Two would involve acquisition of the property either through a mutually agreeable sale, or through eminent domain.

Phase One—Stabilization

Goal: completion of tasks by May 1, 2016

RECOMMENDED FOR COMPLETION PRIOR TO DECEMBER 2015:

- Asbestos test \$300
 - Typical before work commences on old structures
- Demolition of rear porch \$12,500
 - It was discovered during inspection that the floor of this porch has collapsed compromising the integrity of the walls that were framed in above and below to help enclose. It is recommended that this porch be demolished to protect the life safety of the public surrounding the property as well as the safety of any future occupants or workers. Construction has increased on the property adjacent to the rear and soon the population will too. Without the removal of this portion we cannot complete the roof replacement. We will not ask or allow a contractor to walk on this portion of the roof. After demolition we will board up exposed framing with plywood, then paint and seal. This is the only feasible measure to deal with this safety issue. It is possible that if left undisturbed this portion may stay standing for many years to come.
- Roof and gutter system replacement \$62,500 The metal roof is old and has been patched in several locations. The perimeter has deteriorated in several spots and it is not cost efficient to repair. There are some obvious

structural repairs to make and anything that gets removed to make those repairs will likely not be salvageable. Tying in new metal to existing is not practical. The Philadelphia style gutters have completely failed and should be rebuilt with new flashing, lining, and downspouts. Downspouts will have to be tied in to the existing storm water drains. Those drains may or may not be currently functioning. Soffit and fascia trim will need to be replaced and painted to match existing.

Cut tree limbs back - \$750

The trees surrounding the property are severely encroaching on the structure and have contributed to the existing water damage. These limbs need to be cut back to prevent any damage to the new roof and keep the gutter system free from debris.

Rebuild chimneys - \$7600

One has failed and is in danger of collapse and the other has opened up along the base to allow water to penetrate. Rebuilding includes knocking down the chimneys below the roof line to get to solid masonry that is strong enough to build on. This will also allow the new roof to be flashed into it.

RECOMMENDED FOR COMPLETION IN SPRING 2016:

Stucco repair - \$5000

There are several areas where the stucco lath has separated from the structure. Large holes and cracks have opened up exposing original siding and untreated material which has caused significant damage to the sill plate of the framing. These areas will need to be cut out, boarded up with plywood and then sealed to prevent further water damage.

Termite Treatment - \$775

During inspection we discovered termite damage. It is not known as to whether there is a current infestation or if the current owners have done anything to prevent or treat the issue. A treatment is necessary as a precautionary measure.

Board windows, clean exterior stucco and painted surfaces; paint trim, windows, boards, and porch - \$7000

The windows on the front of the house seem to be in good shape but could use some fresh paint. All of the remaining windows are in disrepair beyond the point of new glass and glazing and are too costly at this stage to repair. They should be boarded up as tight as possible and painted to match the structure. The front windows and porch railings need to be scraped and painted. At this point any untreated or unprotected surface shall be properly surface coated to prevent further deterioration. The entire structure will be washed to remove existing mold, mildew, and dirt.

Construction costs – 25%

These costs would cover construction management fees and possible unforeseen issues.

Total estimated cost of Phase One Blight Remediation (Building Stabilization): \$125,000

The above number is rounded up from \$120,531.25 as a precaution. Any unspent funds will be transferred back to the account they originated from. As work is completed, the Property Owner will be notified of the cost of the work, and will be requested to pay. However, Since Council has already adopted an ordinance declaring this a blighted property the City will have a lien on the property for the cost of the Work, plus interest, beginning on the date(s) on which the Work is completed through the date on which the lien is paid. Reference Virginia Code §36-49.1:1(E)

Note: The BAR has been consulted and has indicated their general approval to this approach. Prior to commencement of any work, the BAR would be presented with specific work plans for review and approval.

Phase Two—Property Acquisition

- During the FY16-17 Budget Approval Process, funding should be set aside in an amount sufficient for a purchase of the Property.
- Staff will review the January 1, 2016 Property Tax Assessment, and will make an offer to purchase based on the tax-assessed value, less the amount(s) expended by the City to stabilize the property.
- If the offer is rejected or there is no response staff will return to Council and ask for initiation of eminent domain proceedings, as authorized by Va. Code §36-49.1:1(A).
- In the event that the City successfully acquires the Property, then the options for protecting and preserving it, and returning it to a status that contributes positively to the neighborhood and historic district, are increased. Options for a later disposition of the property include:
 - 1. Auction off the property. The bidding could be started at what the city has into it.
 - 2. Renovate (subject to BAR approval) and sell the property on the open market. Sale of a renovated property could maximize the purchase price and increase the likelihood that the City could recover the amount of its property lien. Also, performing renovations prior to a sale could allow the City to provide some opportunities for young carpentersin-training to get some great hands on experience with renovating an old house.
 - 3. Sell the Property on the open market, as-is (i.e., the stabilized property), subject to the condition that the purchasers will invest in the property and restore it (subject to BAR approval of improvements).

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED:

Richard Hunt

Title: Property Maintenance and Housing Inspector

NDS Blight Team (610 Ridge): Patricia Carrington; Richard Hunt; Missy Creasy; Mary Joy Scala; Kathy McHugh; Tom Elliott.

Certificate of Mailing

City Council Agenda Date: September 21, 2015

I certify that NOTICE OF THE foregoing BLIGHT REMEDIATION PLAN (610 Ridge St.) was GIVEN BY REGULAR MAIL TO:

Owner(s): L Juanita Jones and Ruth L

Address Per City Tax Records: 10902 Oakwood St, Silver Spring, MD 20901

Mailed On:	, 2015		
Signed:	(Richard Hunt)		

610 Ridge Street Stabilization

Charlottesville, Virginia

Construction Documents 21 December 2015

> Train Architects 612 East Jefferson Street Charlottesville, Virginia 22902 ph 434.293.2965 fax 295.5122

ABBREVIATIONS

NOTE: ABBREVIATIONS APPLY WITH OR WITHOUT PUNCTUATION

06 Abbreviations

AS OI

ALOI ASOI

CMU

BRICK

16 Legend

T1.01 T1.01 Scale: No Scale

BLOCKING

ELEVATION LETTER OR NUMBER ELEVATION SYMBOL SHEET WHERE ELEVATION IS DRAWN SHEET WHERE ELEVATION IS REFERENCED

SECTION LETTER OR NUMBER

-ELEVATION LETTER OR NUMBER

SECTION LETTER OR NUMBER

SHEET WHERE DETAIL IS DRAWN

SHEET WHERE DETAIL IS REFERENCED

GYPSUM BOARD

FINISH WOOD

CONCRETE

DETAIL SYMBOL

- SHEET WHERE SECTION IS REFERENCED

INTERIOR ELEVATION SYMBOL

SHEET WHERE ELEVATION IS REFERENCED

SHEET WHERE ELEVATION IS DRAWN

SECTION SYMBOL SHEET WHERE SECTION IS DRAWN

۷	ANGLE .	EQ.	EQUAL	N.T.E.	NOT TO EXCEED
_	CENTERLINE	EQUIP.	EQUIPMENT	N.T.S.	NOT TO SCALE
0	DIAMETER	EXG.	EXISTING	NOM.	NOMINAL
A.F.F.	ABOVE FINISH FLOOR	EXIST.	EXISTING	0.C.	ON CENTER
A.H.U.	AIR HANDLING UNIT	EXP. JT.	EXPANSION JOINT	O.D.	OUTSIDE DIAMETER
ABV.	ABOVE	EXT.	EXTERIOR	O.H.	OVERHEAD
ACCOM.	ACCOMMODATE	F.F.	FINISH FLOOR	OPN'G	OPENING
ACT. CLG.	ACOUSTIC CEILING	F.S.	FULL SIZE	OPP	OPPOSITE
AFSS	AUTOMATIC FIRE	FAB.	FABRICATED	P.T.	PRESSURE TREATED
ALLINA	SUPPRESSION SYSTEM	FILT.FAB.	FILTER FABRIC	PERF.	PERFORATED
ALUM. ALUM.S.F.	ALUMINUM	FIN.	FINISH	PL.	PLATE
ALUM.S.F. APPROX.	ALUMINUM STOREFRONT	FIN.FLR.	FINISH FLOOR	PLY.	PLYWOOD
ARCHT.	APPROXIMATELY	FIN. SCHED.	FINISH SCHEDULE	PTD.	PAINTED
B.O.D.	ARCHITECT	FLASH.	FLASHING	R.	RADIUS
B.O.J.	BASIS OF DESIGN	FLR.	FLOOR	R.B.	RUBBER BASE
BET.	BOTTOM OF JOIST	FR. FRP	FROM	REC.	RECEIVE
BIT, COAT.	BETWEEN BITUMINOUS COATING	FRP	FIBERGLASS REINFORCED	RECEPT.	RECEPTACLE
BLDG.	BUILDING	FRT	POLYESTER	REF.	REFERENCE
BLK.	BLOCK	FRTW	FIRE RETARDANT TREATED	REINF.	REINFORCING
BLK'G	BLOCKING	FRIN	FIRE RETARDANT TREATED WOOD	REQ'D	REQUIRED ROOM
BLKHD.	BULKHEAD	FT.	FEET	RM.	SOUTH
BLW.	BELOW	FTG.	FOOTING	S	STAINLESS STEEL
BOT.	BOTTOM	FURR.	FURRING	S. STL.	SMOKE DETECTOR
C.I.	CAST IRON	G.C.	GENERAL CONTRACTOR	S.D. SP	STANDPIPE
C.J.	CONTROL JOINT	GA.	GAUGE	SS	STAINLESS STEEL
C.T.	CERAMIC TILE	GALV.	GALVANIZED		SECTION
CEIL.	CEILING	GL.	GLASS	SECT. SHEATH.	SHEATHING
CHNG.	CHANGE	GP.	GYPSUM PLASTER	SHEATH.	SIMILAR
CHNLS.	CHANNELS	GYP.BD	GYPSUM BOARD	STL.	STEEL
CL	CENTER LINE	GWB	GYPSUM WALL BOARD	STL. BRG.	STEEL BEARING
CLG.	CEILING	H.M.	HOLLOW METAL	STOR.	STORAGE
CLOS.	CLOSET	HORIZ.	HORIZONTAL	STRUC.	STRUCTURE/AL
CLR.	CLEAR	HR.	HOUR	STRUCT.	STRUCTURE/AL
CMU	CONCRETE MASONRY UNIT	HVAC	HEATING, VENTILATION,	SUSP. CEIL.	SUSPENDED CEILING
COL.	COLUMN		AIR CONDITIONING	SYST.	SYSTEM
CONC.	CONCRETE	I.D.	INSIDE DIAMETER	TCA	TILE COUNCIL OF AMERICA
COND.	CONDITION	INSUL.	INSULATION	T.O.	TOP OF
CONF.	CONFERENCE	INT.	INTERIOR	T.O.F.	TOP OF FOOTING
CONT.	CONTINUOUS	JAN.	JANITOR	T.O.M.	TOP OF MASONRY
COORD.	COORDINATE	JTS.	JOINTS	T.O.S.	TOP OF SLAB
CRS.	COURSE	LIN.FT.	LINEAR FEET	TS	TUBE STEEL
CRSNG	COURSING	LN.	LINE	TELE.	TELEPHONE
CUST.	CUSTODIAL	LOC.	LOCATION	T'HOLD	THRESHOLD
D.	DEPTH	M.O.	MASONRY OPENING	TW	TOP OF WALL
DBL.	DOUBLE	MAS.	MASONRY	TYP.	TYPICAL
DEMO.	DEMOLISH	MAT.	MATERIAL	U.O.N.	UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED
DET.	DETAIL	MECH.	MECHANICAL	V.C.T.	VINYL COMPOSITION TILE
DIM.	DIMENSION	MET.	METAL	V.I.F.	VERIFY IN FIELD
DISP.	DISPENSER	MIN.	MINIMUM	VAR.	VARIES/VARIOUS
DIST. DN.	DISTANCE	MISC.	MISCELLANEOUS	VERT.	VERTICAL
	DOWN EAST	MT.	MOUNT	VEST.	VESTIBULE
E. E.R.P.	EARLY RELEASE PACKAGE	MTL. N.	METAL NORTH	₩.	WEST
EA.	EACH	N. N.I.C.	NOT IN CONTRACT	W/	WITH 1
ELEC.	ELECTRIC	N.I.E.R.P.	NOT IN CONTRACT	WD.	WOOD
ELEV.	ELEVATION	Marketo.F.	PACKAGE RELEASE		
	FFFAMIA		FACIONOL		

CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS AND CONDITIONS PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH ANY WORK.

PROCEEDING WITH ANY WORK.

CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY OWNER IF ANY DISCREPANCIES ARE FOUND.

NO ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIAL IS PERMITTED.

SEPARATE DISSIMILAR. NONCOMPATIBLE METALS.

VERIFY THAT DEMOLITION IS COMPLETE AND AREAS ARE READY FOR

INSTALLATION OF NEW WORK BEFORE PROCEEDING.

CUT, MOVE, OR REPLACE (TIEMS AS NECESSARY FOR ACCESS TO ALTERATIONS

AND RENOVATION WORK. REPLACE AND RESTORE AT COMPLETION.

REMOVE DEBRIS AND ABANDONED TIEMS FROM AREA AND FROM CONCEALED

SPACES.

BEMOVE SURFACE FINISHES AND PREPARE SUBFRACES TO PROVIDE FOR

SPACES.

SPACES.

PROVE SURFACE FINISHES AND PREPARE SURFACES TO PROVIDE FOR PROPER INSTALLATION OF NEW WORK AND FINISHES.

PREMOVE, CUT, AND PATCH WORK IN A MANNER TO MINIMIZE DAMAGE AND TO PROVIDE A MEANS OF RESTORING PRODUCTS AND FINISHES TO SPECIFIED.

PROVIDE A MEANS OF RESIDINING PRODUCTS AND FINISHED TO GEOGRAD-CONDITION.

10) WHERE NEW WORK ABUTS OR ALICINS WITH EXISTING, PERFORM A SMOOTH AND EVEN TRANSITION. PATCH WORK TO MATCH EXISTING ADJACENT WORK IN TEXTURE AND APPEARANCE.

11) CONDUCT ANY DEMOLITION TO MINIMIZE INTERFERENCE WITH ADJACENT AND OCCUPIED BUILDING AREAS. CITY PROJECT MANAGER TO BE NOTIFIED TEN DAYS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION DISTURBANCE OR DISRUPTION OF SERVICE.

12) PROTECT EXISTING MATERIALS THAT ARE NOT TO BE DEMOLISHED.

13) STAGING AREA AND PARKING PERMITS ARE TO BE COORDINATED WITH THE

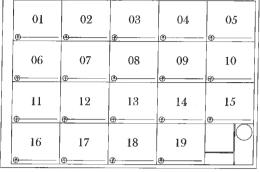
STAGING AREA AND PARKING PERMITS ARE TO BE COORDINATED WITH THE CITY PROJECT MANAGER.
 ALL NEW GLASS TO BE TEMPERED GLASS.
 PAINT ALL NEW & EXISTING TRIM, CORNICES, SOFFITS, HANDRAILS, FASCIA, PICKETS, COLLUMNS, DOORS, & WINDOWS.
 PRE-PRIME/BACKPRIME ALL NEW TRIM BEFORE APPLYING.

Project Notes

Scale: No Scale



Scale: No Scale



Drawing Tags Numbered by where they fall on grid above - not sequentially. Some drawing locations approximate.

Os Drawing Locations on Sheet

Scale: No Scale

ARCHITECT TRAIN ARCHITECTS 612 EAST JEFFERSON STREET CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIRGINIA 22902 (434) 293-2965 PHONE

10 Architect & Consultants T1.01 T1.01 Scale: No Scale

AN ASBESTOS—CONTAINING MATERIALS INSPECTION AND SELECTED LEAD BASED PAINTS TESTING SURVEY WAS PERFORMED AND ASBESTOS—CONTAINING MATERIALS AND LEAD—CONTAINING PAINTS (LEAD—BASED PAINTS, OR LBP) WERE DETERMINED TO BE PRESENT.

610 RIDGE STREET STABILIZATION CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE 610 RIDGE STREET, CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA 22902

AGENCY - CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE

(434) 970-3728

CONTACT:
RICHARD HUNT
PROPERTY MAINTENANCE & HOUSING INSPECTOR
NEIGHBORHOOD DEVELOPMENT SERVICES
610 EAST MARKET
P.O. BOX 911 — CITY HALL
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA 22902
(142) 620, 12798

Project Information

Scale: No Scale

(VRC) VIRGINIA RESIDENTIAL CODE (ONE AND TWO FAMILY DWELLINGS), 2012 EDITION

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: ALL NEW WORK TO MATCH EXISTING CONSTRUCTION ASSUMED TO BE TYPE 5C TYPE COCCUPANCY CLASSIFICATION: GROUP R-5 TOTAL SQ. FOOTAGE = 1,640 GSF

SEE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS SURVEY REPORT COMPLETED 01 NOVEMBER 2015 BY TJL ENVIRIONMENTAL HEALTH CONSULTANTS (AVAILABLE FROM OWNER).

ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS (ACM) WERE FOUND IN BATHROOM TILE AND IN DRYWALL JOINT COMPOUND; THESE MATERIALS ARE NOT EXPECTED TO BE DISTURBED DURING THE WIRELY

IF ADDITIONAL SUSPECTED ACM IS ENCOUNTERED IN THE COURSE OF THE WORK, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CEASE WORK AND REPORT TO THE OWNER. THE OWNER WILL HAVE THE SUSPECT MATERIAL TESTED AND DEVELOP A PLAN FOR REMEDIATION.

LEAD BASED PAINTS (LBP) WERE FOUND IN THE FOLLOWING AREAS: EXTERIOR PAINT ON WOOD TRIM, EXTERIOR PAINT ON STUCCO, EXTERIOR PAINT ON MOILD ROOFING, INTERIOR PAINT ON WOOD TRIM, INTERIOR PAINT ON PLASTER AND INTERIOR PAINT ON METAL RADIATIORS.

THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MANAGEMENT PLAN AND MANAGEMENT OF LEAD CONTAINING MATERIALS IN AFFECTED AREAS IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS.



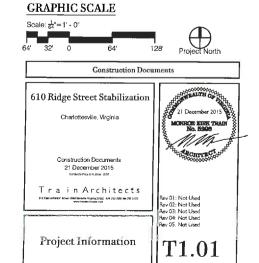
COVER SHEET PROJECT INFORMATION T1.00 T1.01

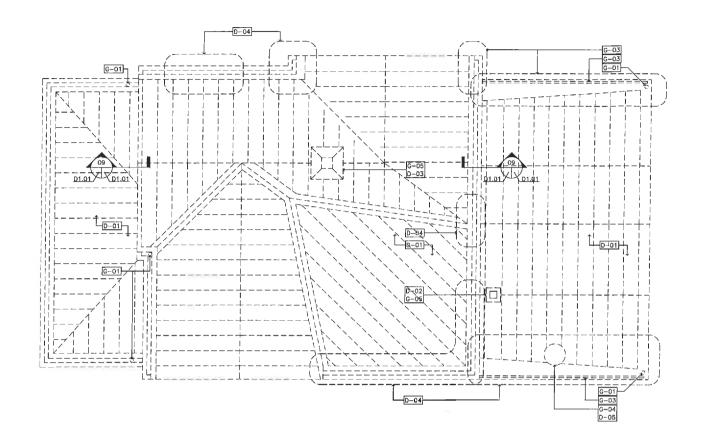
D1.01 ROOF DEMOLITION PLAN

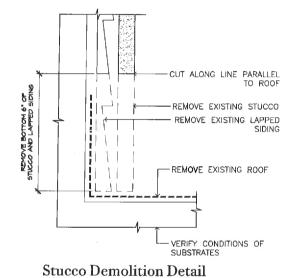
ROOF PLAN EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS A2.01 A2.02

19 Drawing Index

T1.01T1.01 Scale: No Scale







Roof Demolition Plan
Scale: 3'' = 1'-0"

09 Where Low Roof Abuts Wall D1.01D1.01 Scale: 4" = 1'-0"

DEMOLITION NOTES

1) EXPLANATION OF SPECIFIC NOTES:
G-NOTES ARE GENERAL NOTES FOR REFERENCE AND EXPLANATION
P-NOTES ARE FOR THE PRESERVATION AND PROTECTION OF ITEMS
S-NOTES ARE FOR SALVAGE REMOVE ITEMS TO A SECURE LOCATION FOR LATER

USE.

D-NOTES ARE FOR DEMOLITION: THESE ARE GENERALLY ATTACHED TO COMPONENTS THAT CANNOT BE REUSED SUCH AS ROOFING, STUCCO, LATH, MASONRY, ETC.

2) SEE ARCH DOCUMENTS FOR WORK TO BE COMPLETED AFTER DEMOLITION. COORDINATE DEMOLITION WITH NEW WORK.

3) SEE ELEVATIONS FOR ADDITIONAL DEMOLITION INFORMATION

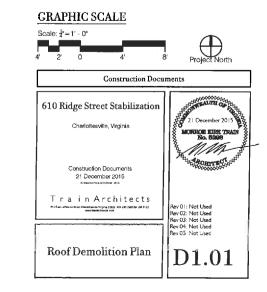
4) SEE ELEVATIONS FOR APPROXIMATE PITCHES OF ROOF SEGMENTS.

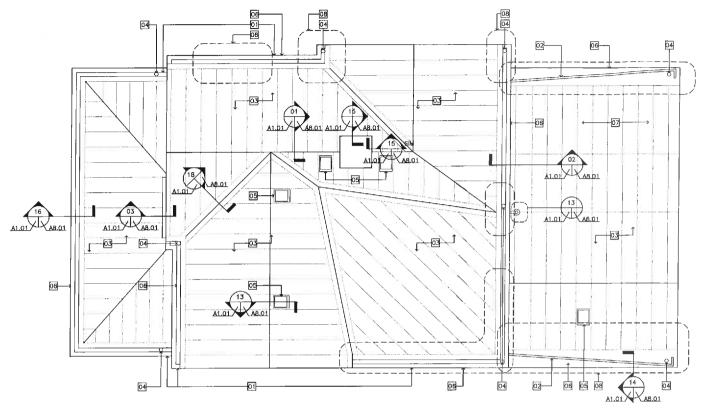
- 5) COMPLETELY DOCUMENT EXISTING ROOF & DETAILS. USE EXISTING DETAILS TO PRODUCE SUBMITTAL DRAWINGS/DIAGRAMS FOR NEW WORK.
- 6) PROTECT EXISTING SURFACES AND FINISHES TO REMAIN.
 7) PRESERVE AND PROTECT ALL EXISTING STRUCTURE & BUILDING ELEMENTS U.O.N.
- B) PRESERVE & PROTECT HISTORIC DOORS, WINDOWS AND TRIM TO REMAIN
- SPECIFIC DEMOLITION NOTES
 G=01) EXISTING DOWNSPOUT
 G=02) EXISTING BUILT IN GUTTER
 G=03) EXISTING PHILADELPHIA GUTTER
- G-04) EXISTING ALUMINUM BUTTON VENT G-05) EXISTING BRICK CHIMNEY

- G-US) EXISING BRICK CHIMNEY
 D-01) REMOVE EXISTING ROOF METAL IN ENTIRETY
 D-02) REMOVE CHIMNEY TO BELOW EXISTING ROOF & CAP AND ROOF OVER.
 D-03) REMOVE CHIMNEY TO SOLID/STABLE MASONRY, CHIMNEY TOP TO BE BUILT BACK TO ORIGINAL CONFIGURATION.
 D-04) REMOVE ROTTED BOARDS & FRAMING (SHORE/SUPPORT) AS REQUIRED.
 D-05) REMOVE ALUMINUM BUTTON CAP VENT

16 Roof Demolition Plan Notes

Scale: No Scale





06 Roof Plan A1.01 A1.01 Scale: 4" = 1'-0"

1) REMOVE THE EXISTING METAL ROOFING TILES AND HAUL AWAY FROM THE

PREMISES.
2) INSPECT THE EXISTING ROOF DECKING FOR SOUNDNESS a.) ANY DETERIORATED WOOD TO BE REPLACED WITH SIMILAR SIZE AND THICKNESS MATERIALS (PROVIDE UNIT COST PER SF FOR AREAS NOT NOTED ELSEWHERE IN DRAWINGS. ABOVE 3'-0" UP ROOF FROM RAFTER TAIL (SEE ROOF PLAN NOTE OB AND ELEVATION NOTES.)

3) FURNISH AND INSTALL TITANIUM BREATHER FELT OVER THE FIELD OF THE ROOF FOR TEMPORARY WEATHER PROTECTION

4) FURNISH AND INSTALL NEW 26 GAUGE GALVALUME STANDING SEAM METAL ROOF SYSTEM

a.) PANEL WIDTH: 17.25 INCHES

b.) CLEAT ATTACHMENT: 8-10 INCHES ON CENTER
c.) SEAM HEIGHT - 1" NOMINAL
5) FURNISH AND INSTALL NEW CUSTOM FABRICATED GUTTER LINER AND EAVE DRIP AND RAKE METAL OF REVERE 'FREEDOM GRAY COPPER.' (NOTE: WHERE 'COPPER' IS CALLED OUT IN DRAWINGS IT IS TO BE THE REVERE (COATED) 'FREEDOM GRAY COPPER'.)

FURNISH AND INSTALL NEW STEP FLASHINGS, COUNTER FLASHINGS, VALLEYS, LOUVERS, AND CHIMNEY FLASHINGS OF REVERE 'FREEDOM GRAY COPPER.

FURNISH AND INSTALL NEW VENT PIPE COLLARS

FURNISH AND INSTALL ONE STAINLESS STEEL CUSTOM CHIMNEY CAP FURNISH AND INSTALL ICE AND WATER SHIELD UNDER ALL VALLEYS,

GUTTERS & SLOPES UNDER 3:1

10) FURNISH AND INSTALL SOFFIT VENTS 1" ROUND PRE-PAINTED ALUMINUM (WHITE TO MATCH TRIM COLOR)

11) SEE ELEVATIONS FOR ADDITION INFORMATION
12) COORDINATE ROOFING WITH OTHER REPAIR WORK.

Metal Roof Replacement Notes

| Scale: \frac{1}{2} = 1'\cdot \cdot 0' | Scale: \frac{1}{2} = 1'\cdot 0' | Sc

- 01) RE-BUILD/RESTORE EXISTING CONCEALED GUTTER WITH REVERE FREEDOM GRAY COPPER. SEE TYPICAL DETAIL 16/AB.01
- 02) RE-BUILD/CONSTRUCT NEW PHILADELPHIA GUTTER WITH REVERE FREEDOM GRAY COPPER. SEE TYPICAL DETAIL 14/A8.01
- ORAL COFFER. SEE TIFICAL DELAIL 14/AG.UT

 O3) GALVALUME STANDING SEAM ROOF PANS, SEAM SPACING 17" O.C.

 O4) PROVIDE NEW 3" ROUND GALVALUME DOWNSPOUT. (SEE ELEVATIONS)
 PROVIDE SPLASH BLOCK OR IF TO EXISTING BOOT, VERIFY BOOT DRAINS
 READILY TO DAYLIGHT OR STORM SEWER. RESTORE DRAINAGE OF
 UNDERGROUND LINES IF BLOCKED.

05) NEW REVERE FREEDOM GRAY COPPER ROOF VENT

06) PROVIDE SOFFIT VENTS 1" ROUND WITH ALUMINUM CAPS. PROVIDE IN JOIST/JAFTER CAVITIES — SPACE EVENLY ALONG SOFFIT. COORDINATE WITH FIELD CONDITIONS. (TYP ALONG RUN WHERE NOTED)

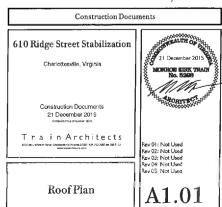
07) SHORE/REPAIR EXISTING ROOF STRUCTURE IN THIS AREA

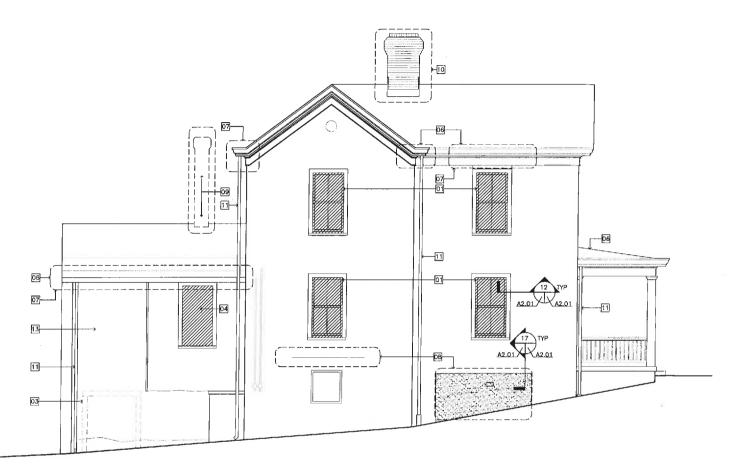
08) REPLACE/RESTORE ROOF SHEATHING & FRAMING IN THESE AREAS APPROX 3'-0" UP ROOF FROM RAFTER TAIL/SOFFIT





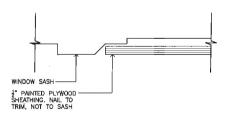








06 North Elevation Scale: ‡" = 1'-0"



- 01) WINDOW TO BE BOARDED UP. SEE DETAIL 12/A2.01. REMOVE EXISTING STORM WINDOWS AND PLACE IN BASEMENT.

 22) REPAIR BROKEN WINDOW-REPAIR EXISTING SASHES & STICKING. REPLACE GLASS AS REQUIRED, RE-GLAZE AND PAINT

 3) SHORE UP EXISTING PORCH STRUCTURE-PROVIDE 6X6 PRESSURE TREATED POSTS SET ON BLOCK FOUNDATIONS ON EXISTING FLOOR. PROVIDE (3) 2X12 LINTEL AS REGO'D. JACK UP EXISTING FLOOR STRUCTURE ADJACENT TO STAIR WITHOUT DAMAGING EXTERIOR. STABILIZE STRUCTURE IN THE AREA OLD REMOVE EXISTING PLYMODD AND REPLACE W/ NEW PLYMODO SHEATHING OS) REPAIR/REPLACE STUCCO REMOVED FOR REMOVAL OF EXISTING ROOF FLASHING. AFTER INSTALLATION OF NEW ROOF FLASHING, REPAIR STUCCO PER DETAIL ON PROVIDED AND REPLACE FRAINING WHERE ROTTEN OF REPAIR STUCCO PER DETAIL ON PROVIDED AND REPLACE ROOF SHEATHING & REPAIR/REPLACE FRAINING WHERE ROTTEN OR REPAIR/REPLACE STUCCO IN AREA SHOWN. FILL/SEAL SMALL CRACKS WHERE STUCCO IS FAILING OR PULLING AWAY FROM SUBSTRATE. REMOVE LOOSE & FAILING PLASTER, CUT HORIZONTAL LINE ABDVE FAILING PLASTER. PROVIDE FLASHING & PAINTED PLY COVER PER DETAIL 17/A2.01

 9) CHECK USE-CAP EXISTING CHIMNEY OF BELOW ROOF LEVEL COVER WITH ROOFING AMERICAL DETAIL AND REPLACE ROOF SHEATH AND STRUCK STRUCK STOPE FOR STEP FLASHING, ROPROVAL). THROUGH FLASH TO FLUE LINER WITH FREEDOM GRAY COPPER FOR STEP FLASHING, PROVIDE STAINLESS STEEL CAP WITH BIRD SCREEN.

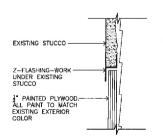
 11) NEW 3" DIAMETER GALVALUME DOWNSPOUT (TYP)

 12) REPLACE ROTTEN SILL PLATE IN AFFECTED AREA WITH PRESSURE TREATED PRESSERVATIVE WOOD SILL PLATE IN AFFECTED AREA WITH PRESSURE TREATED PRESSERVATIVE WOOD SILL PLATE IN AFFECTED AREA WITH PRESSURE TREATED PRESSERVATIVE WOOD SILL PLATE IN AFFECTED AREA WITH PRESSURE TREATED PRESSERVATIVE WOOD SILL PLATE IN AFFECTED AREA WITH PRESSURE TREATED PRESSERVATIVE WOOD SILL PLATE IN AFFECTED AREA WITH PRESSURE TREATED PRESSERVATIVE WOOD SILL PLATE IN AFFECTED AREA WITH PRESSURE TREATED PRESSERVATIVE WOOD SILL PLATE IN AFFECTED AREA WITH PRESSURE TREATED PRESSERVATIVE WOOD SILL PLATE IN AFFECTED AREA WITH PRESSURE TREATED PRESSERVATIV

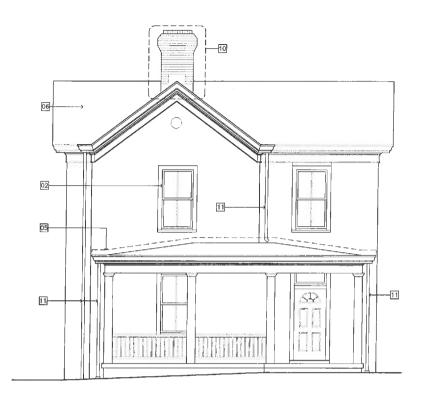


Elevation Notes A2.01/A2.01 Scale: No Scale





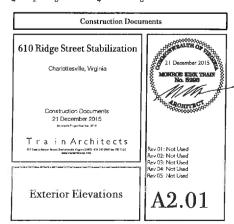
Detail @ Failed Plaster Scale: 3" = 1-0"

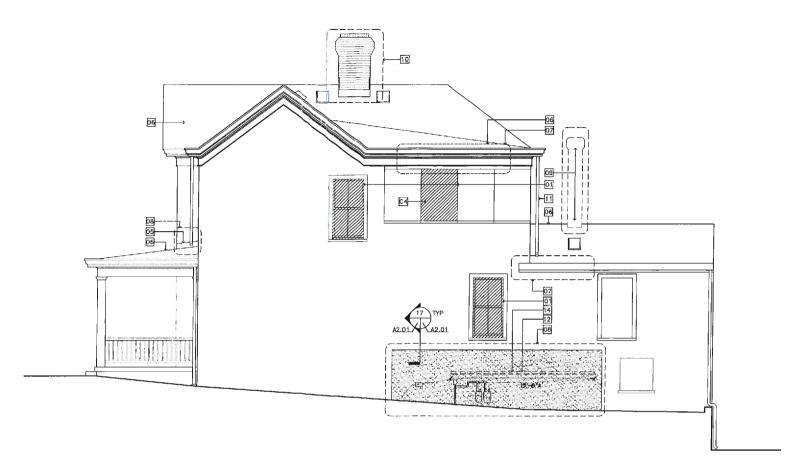


West Elevation (Ridge Street) Scale: ½" = 1'-0"









06 South Elevation

Scale: ½" = 1'-0"

- 01) WINDOW TO BE BOARDED UP. SEE DETAIL 12/A2.01. REMOVE EXISTING STORM WINDOWS AND PLACE IN BASEMENT.

 22) REPAIR BROKEN WINDOW-REPAIR EXISTING SASHES & STICKING. REPLACE GLASS AS REQUIRED, RE-GLAZE AND PAINT

 3) SHORE UP EXISTING PORCH STRUCTURE-PROVIDE 6X5 PRESSURE TREATED POSTS SET ON BLOCK FOUNDATIONS ON EXISTING FLOOR. PROVIDE (3) 2X12 LINTEL AS REO'L. JACK UP EXISTING FLOOR STRUCTURE ADJACENT TO STAIR WITHOUT DAMACING EXTERIOR. STABILIZE STRUCTURE IN THE AREA.

 04) REMOVE EXISTING PLYWOOD AND REPLACE W/NEW PLYWOOD SHEATHING OS REPAIR/REPLACE STUCCO REMOVED FOR REMOVAL OF EXISTING ROOF FLASHING. AFTER INSTALLATION OF NEW ROOF FLASHING, REPAIR STUCCO PER DETAIL

 05) REPLACE ROOF SHEATHING & REPAIR/REPLACE FRAMING WHERE ROTTEN O') REPLACE TRIM, MOULDING & FASCIA TO MATCH EXISTING IN AREA WHERE ROTTEN

 98) REPAIR/REPLACE STUCCO IN AREA SHOWN. FILL/SEAL SMALL CRACKS WHERE STUCCO IS FAILING OR PULLING AWAY FROM SUSSTRATE. REMOVE LOOSE & FAILING PLASTER, CUT HORIZONTAL LINE ABOVE FAILING PLASTER & PROVIDE FLASHING & PAINTED PLY COVER PER DETAIL 17/A2.01

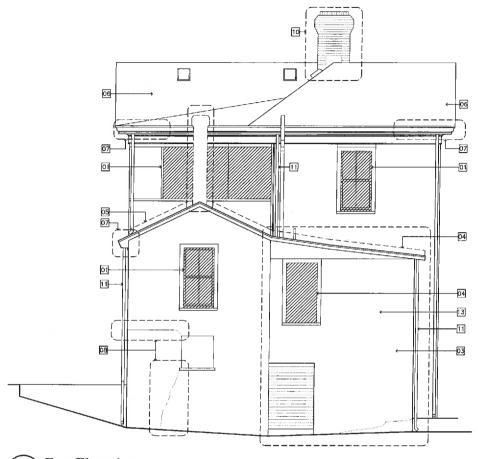
 99) CHECK USE-CAP EXISTING CHIMNEY OF BELOW ROOF LEVEL COVER WITH ROOFING MATERNAL.

 10) REPAIR/REBUILD EXISTING CHIMNEY TO EXISTING CONFIGURATION. MATCH EXISTING BRICK AND MORTAL MATERIALS (PROVIDE SAMPLES FOR APPROVAL). THROUGH FLASH TO FLUE LINER WITH FREEDOM GRAY COPPER FOR STEP FLASHING, PROVIDE STAILESS STEEL CAP WITH BIRD SCREEN.

 11) NEW 3' DAMMETER CALVALUME DOWNSPOUT (TYP)

 12) REPLACE ROTTEN SILL PLATE IN AFFECTED AREA WITH PRESSURE TREATED PRESSERVATIVE MOOD SILL PLATE IN AFFECTED AREA WITH PRESSURE TREATED PRESSERVATIVE MOOD SILL PLATE IN AFFECTED AREA WITH PRESSURE TREATED PRESSERVATIVE MOOD SILL PLATE IN AFFECTED AREA WITH PRESSURE TREATED PRESSERVATIVE MOOD SILL PLATE IN AFFECTED AREA WITH PRESSURE TREATED PRESSERVATIVE MOOD SILL PLATE IN AFFECTED AREA WITH PRESSURE TREATED PRESSERVATIVE MOOD SILL PLATE IN AFFECTED AREA WITH PRESSURE TREATED PRESSERVATIVE MOOD SILL PLATE IN AFFECTED AREA WITH PRESSURE TREATED PRESSERVATIVE MOOD SILL PLATE IN AFF





East Elevation
Scale: $\frac{1}{4}$ " = 1'-0"



